Lungyen Life Service Corp.

2019 Annual General Meeting Minutes

Date and Time: 10:30 a.m., Friday, May 31, 2019

Venue: No.111, Dongshi St., Xizhi Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan

(the Auditorium of Lungyen's Headquarters)

Number of Attending Shares: Attendance and Proxy total numbered 346,316,748 shares,

including 77,402,454 shares attended by electronic means of

voting rights, representing 82.44 % of the company's

outstanding shares of 420,084,199 shares.

Attending Directors: Liu, Wei-Lung, Anthony Lee, Ichiro Fujibayashi and the

representative of ORIX Asia Capital, Chao, Tristain

Attending Independent Directors: Yeh, Su, Wang-Huai, Wang, Chun-Chung

Chairman Liu, Wei-Lung

Record: Sung, Hsin-Ping

1. Commencement of the Meeting:

Chairman Liu declared the meeting open as the total number of attending shares had reached statutory number.

- 2. Message from the Chairman: Omitted here.
- 3. Matters to Report
 - (1) Report on the apportionment of Directors' and employees' compensation of the year 2018 (Please refer to the Handbook for the 2019 Annual Meeting of Shareholders)
 - (2) Report on the 2018 operation results (Please refer to Appendix)
 - (3) Report on the 2018 business report and financial statements audited by the Audit Committee (Please refer to Appendix)
 - (4) Report on the revision of the Company's "Rules and Procedure for Board of Directors Meetings" (Please refer to Appendix)
 - (5) Report on the institution of the Company's "Code of Ethical Conduct" (Please refer to the Handbook for the 2019 Annual Meeting of Shareholders)

- (6) Report on the institution of the Company's "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles" (Please refer to the Handbook for the 2019 Annual Meeting of Shareholders)
- (7) Report on the Company's merger with its subsidiary Lung An Company Limited (Please refer to the Handbook for the 2019 Annual Meeting of Shareholders)

4. Matters for Ratification

Case 1 (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Summary: Ratification for the 2018 business report and financial statements is proposed for

approval Remarks: 1. For the

Remarks:

1. For the Company's 2018 business report and financial report (including balance sheet, comprehensive income statement, changes in equity and cash flow statement), please refer to Appendix.

 Above mentioned financial reports have been audited by KPMG's accountants, Mr. Zeng, Guo-Yang and Ms. Lai, Li-Zhen. (The complete version of the Company's financial report can be downloaded from MOPS website: http://newmops.twse.com.tw)

Resolutions: Total attending shares at voting: 346,316,748 shares (including 77,402,454 shares via electronic voting)

Voting Results	% of Total Attending Shares				
For: 308,788,831 shares (including 40,909,537 shares via electronic voting)	89.16%				
Against: 36,588 shares (including 36,588 shares via electronic voting)	0.01%				
invalid: 0 shares (including 0 shares via electronic voting)	0.00%				
Abstain and not voted: 37,491,329 shares (including 36,456,329 shares via electronic voting)	10.82%				

Resolved, that the Company's 2018 business report and financial report be and hereby were accepted as submitted.

Case 2 (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Summary: Ratification for the 2018 profit apportionment is proposed for approval

1. The Company's net income for 2018 was NT\$2,180,534,998. After setting aside the legal reserve and other equity adjustments, with addition of beginning retained earnings, the unappropriated retained earnings as of December 31, 2018 were NT\$6,075,068,088. Considering the Company's future investment plan, it is proposed to distribute cash dividends of NT\$ 1,260,252,597 from current profit

- available for appropriation, which equals NT\$3.0 per share. For the Company's profit distribution table, please refer to Appendix.
- 2. Cash dividend is distributed prorated with the amount rounded up to the dollar. Also, it is adjusted by a decimal point from large to small and the account number from front to back in order to match up with the total cash dividends distributed.
- 3. If the outstanding stock shares are affected and that have caused changes to shareholder's dividend ratio due to the Company's repurchasing treasury shares before the Ex-dividend date, the Chairman is authorized in the shareholders' meeting to deal with the correction needed.
- 4. For the distribution of cash dividend to shareholders, the Chairman is authorized to schedule the ex-dividend date as soon as it is resolved at the shareholders' meeting.
- 5. Hereby apply for approval.

Shareholder

Shareholder No. 47037, proposed to issue NT\$4 cash dividend per share.

spoken:

The above question was replied by the Chairman and explained.

Resolutions:

Total attending shares at voting: 346,316,748 shares (including 77,402,454 shares via electronic voting)

Voting Results	% of Total Attending Shares
For: 308,783,671 shares (including 40,904,377 shares via electronic voting)	89.16%
Against: 41,588 shares (including 41,588 shares via electronic voting)	0.01%
invalid: 0 shares (including 0 shares via electronic voting)	0.00%
Abstain and not voted: 37,491,489 shares (including 36,456,489 shares via electronic voting)	10.82%

Resolved, that the above proposal be and hereby were accepted as submitted.

5. Matters for Discussion

Case 1

Resolutions:

Summary: Discussion of the revision of the Company's "Articles of Incorporation" is proposed

for approval

Remarks: 1. In order to enhance corporate governance with consideration of operation

flexibility, it is proposed to make amendment on the Company's "Articles of Incorporation". For the Comparison table for the 'Articles of Incorporation" before and after revision, please refer to Appendix.

2. Hereby apply for discussion.

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Total attending shares at voting: 346,316,748 shares (including 77,402,454 shares via electronic voting)

3

Voting Results	% of Total Attending Shares
For: 308,777,620 shares (including 40,898,326 shares via electronic voting)	89.16%
Against: 41,599 shares (including 41,599 shares via electronic voting)	0.01%
invalid: 0 shares (including 0 shares via electronic voting)	0.00%
Abstain and not voted: 37,497,529 shares (including 36,462,529 shares via electronic voting)	10.82%

Resolved, that the above proposal be and hereby were accepted as proposed.

Case 2

Summary: D

Discussion of the revision of the Company's "Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets" is proposed for approval

Remarks:

- 1. In conjunction with the Financial Supervisory Commission's amendment to the "Regulations governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies" and the actual business needs of the Company, it is proposed to make amendment on the Company's "Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets". For the Comparison table for the "Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets" before and after revision, please refer to Appendix.
- 2. Hereby apply for discussion.

Resolutions:

Total attending shares at voting: 346,316,748 shares (including 77,402,454 shares via electronic voting)

Voting Results	% of Total Attending Shares
For: 308,774,620 shares (including 40,895,326 shares via electronic voting)	89.15%
Against: 42,599 shares (including 42,599 shares via electronic voting)	0.01%
invalid: 0 shares (including 0 shares via electronic voting)	0.00%
Abstain and not voted: 37,499,529 shares (including 36,464,529 shares via electronic voting)	10.82%

Resolved, that the above proposal be and hereby were accepted as proposed.

Case 3

Summary:

Discussion of the revision of the Company's "Procedures for Lending Funds to Other Parties" and "Procedures for Endorsement and Guarantee" is proposed for approval Remarks:

- 1. In conjunction with the Financial Supervisory Commission's amendment to the "Regulations governing Loaning of Funds and Making Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies" and the actual business needs of the Company, it is proposed to make amendment on the Company's "Procedures for Lending Funds to Other Parties" and "Procedures for Endorsement and Guarantee". For the Comparison table for the "Procedures for Lending Funds to Other Parties" and "Procedures for Endorsement and Guarantee" before and after revision, please refer to Appendix.
- 2. Hereby apply for discussion.

Resolutions:

Total attending shares at voting: 346,316,748 shares (including 77,402,454 shares via electronic voting)

Voting Results	% of Total Attending Shares
For: 308,776,620 shares (including 40,897,326 shares via electronic voting)	89.16%
Against: 41,599 shares (including 41,599 shares via electronic voting)	0.01%
invalid: 0 shares (including 0 shares via electronic voting)	0.00%
Abstain and not voted: 37,498,529 shares (including 36,463,529 shares via electronic voting)	10.82%

Resolved, that the above proposal be and hereby were accepted as proposed.

6. Extempore motions:

Questions raised by shareholders:

Shareholder No: 47783 raised an inquiry about the mainland China profit outlook and the plan for cooperation with ORIX which has been explained and answered by the chairman.

7. Adjournment (11:01 am, May 31, 2019)

APPENDIX

2018 Business Report

The global economy has seen a high since 2018, including the OECD leading indicators began to decline at the beginning of the year, and the major think tanks have gradually lowered their economic forecasts for the future. The political uncertainty includes the continuously changing Sino-US trade war, the US-South Korea relationship, the US bipartisan confrontation, the Brexit and other issues, which have a huge impact on the capital market or the real economy. This also forced central banks with tighter monetary policies in early 2018 to gradually turn into a loose policy.

Looking ahead to the Taiwan economy in 2019, global uncertainties still exist and continue to change. Major economic forecasting institutions believe that growth in 2019 will not be as good as in 2018. Due to the high linkage between Taiwan's economy and the world, especially China and the United States are both Taiwan's major export markets, changes in the international situation will test Taiwan's economic performance, and whether the government can launch corresponding policies in a timely manner is another uncertainty. Directorate-General of Budget, Accounting and Statistics, Executive Yuan, R.O.C. (Taiwan) predicts that the economic growth in 2019 will be 2.27% (the real GDP will increase by NT\$380.8 billion compared with 2018), which is 0.14 percentage points lower than the forecast of 2.41% in November 2018. The GDP per capita is US\$25,229 and the CPI is up 0.73%.

Facing the uncertainty of economic and political situation, the Company's management team and all employees still adhere to the spirit of the Company, focusing on the improvement of product and service quality, deepening brand value, and continuously pursuing steady growth. Business performance for the year 2018 and the business plan for 2019 are hereby presented to the Company's shareholders as of follows:

1. Operating results for 2018

The Company's 2018 annual revenue benefited from the recognition construction completion of columbarium and cemetery products, and its performance remained outstanding. In addition, for the activation of assets and effective allocation of funds, revenue from non-operating activities also contributed to the growth of profit. The net profit attributable to the parent company was NT\$2.18 billion, an increase of 18.3% over the previous year. The net profit after tax was 46.2%, which was 3.5 percentage points higher than the previous year. Earnings per share reached NT%5.19, reaching a new high in the past four years

As of December 31, 2018, the total consolidated asset was NT\$63.29 billion, increased by 18.0% compared to the previous year; the total liability was NT\$46.82 billion and debt ratio was 74.0%. It includes contract liabilities of NT\$37.76 billion. These contract liabilities are the nature of advance receipts and booked as unrealized income, and will be recognized as operating income once the funeral service is delivered or the permanent right of columbarium and cemetery is transferred to the client upon completion. The debt ratio was 35.49% if the company deducted the contract liabilities and relative asset amounts.

2. Summary of business plan for 2019

(1) Operations guidelines:

- i. Carry out business plan to achieve business target
- ii. Optimize capital allocation to improve financial performance
- iii. Strengthen risk management to solidify business fundamentals
- iv. Improve operations management to enhance corporate value
- v. Fulfill corporate social responsibilities to polish corporate image

(2) Executive summary:

1. Carry out business plan to achieve business target

Exercise the merger effect of northern, central and southern cemetery; also, the cross integration of customers, channels, and commodities with unified funeral service provided to effectively increase product penetration rate. In addition, through the construction of pavilions throughout Taiwan area, combined with high-standard hardware facilities and high-quality services, the sales momentum will be strengthened to significantly increase the market share. At the same time, we will replicate the successful experience of Taiwan and actively explore overseas markets to become the best funeral service provider in Greater China.

2. Optimize capital allocation to improve financial performance

Closely watch the capital market for appropriate opportunities to plan for suitable funding so as to elevate financial performance. Provide sound operational management procedures in accordance with the latest regulations so as to strengthen operational efficiency. And activate the efficiency of assets through selling investment properties to fulfill the profits of long-term investment and invest more capitals in expanding the core business.

3. Strengthen risk management to solidify business fundamentals

Strengthen the functions of internal audit and internal control, substantiate corporate governance, review and modify the risk management regulations and update the internal control operating procedures in a timely manner in order to enhance risk management capability.

4. Improve operational management to enhance corporate value

Promote human resources exchanges and talents incubation plan within the Group to develop the cross-industry management talent needed, enhance manpower capital, and strengthen competitiveness. Utilize information technology for integrating workflow and service innovation to ensure competitive advantage. Exercise the bargaining power of procurement, effectively reduce operating costs and maintain the Group's long-term stability of profit growth.

5. Fulfill corporate social responsibility and optimize corporate image

Work with the Government to execute the policies and improve the quality of this industry, to convey business philosophy by combining it with public service, to exercise the synergy of

business operations, to continuously feedback to the society, to serve the citizens, and to fulfill the satisfaction of customers, employees, shareholders and other stakeholders.

(3) Estimated production and sales in 2019 (including subsidiaries)

Unit: SET

Product Name	Targeted Sales Unit
Columbarium	6,063
Cemetery	210
Preneed Funeral	12,448
Total	18,721

3. The Company's development strategy

In 2019, we will continue to focus on the planning and design new columbarium and cemetery products, actively launch diversified products in different regions and at different price to meet the diverse needs of different consumer groups, supplemented by a combination of preneed funeral contract. Under the philosophy of integrated funeral services of the entire country, we shall further effectively augment the benefits of Lungyen brand logo. In addition, through the combination of high-standard pavilions hardware facilities and high-quality services, sales momentum can be strengthened, and insurance multi-sales channels can be expanded. As a result, our core business market share will continuously expand to maximize economic benefits and enhance company profitability.

Through the diversification of sales methods and products, the Company will continue to promote the concept of funeral industry reform and solidify the concept of preneed funeral contract, and strive to improve the quality of the industry to achieve the purpose of continuous growth of performance; in addition, the Company will continue to strengthen the internal control and requirements of service quality, deepen the brand value, and then deepen the broader consumer base to increase market share.

As Taiwan moves towards an aging society, and the problem of lower fertility rate becomes more serious, it will be conducive to the increase in the demand for preneed funeral contracts. In addition to the life service business as the foundation, the Company will gradually expand its operation into related businesses in the life service industry with a steady spirit. On the other hand, in addition to firmly operate Taiwan's existing market, it will replicate Taiwan's successful experience to actively expand the mainland China market, ally local superior teams to implement the Wenzhou project and continue to develop other high-quality projects to achieve the goal of becoming the best funeral service provider in Greater China.

4. Impact of external competitive environment, regulatory environment and the macro business environment

Over the years, the Company has been committed to the reform of the funeral business, and to improve the overall industrial quality as a priority, to arouse the importance of consumer rights protection. The funeral business is being perfected under the relevant regulations by the domestic

authorities, which will help improve the efficiency of industrial management, prevent unscrupulous operators from depriving consumers of their rights and interests, and further protect Lungyen's long-term philosophy of integrity management. The Company has set up the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee and the Corporate Governance and Nomination Committee under the Board of Directors. The responsibility of these committees is to ensure the effectiveness and appropriateness of the Company's internal control system and the appropriate reporting of financial statements, and to formulate and regularly review related issues regarding the performance evaluation and salary remuneration of managers, corporate governance operations, and the nomination and succession of board members, functional committee members and senior managers. These committees help to enhance the effectiveness and quality of the board of directors in corporate governance performance, and will take the international best practice as the benchmark to achieve outstanding performance as business operation.

The funeral business is a necessity for the people's livelihood; therefore, the sales performance is less affected by the economy. The aging population and the trend of declining birth rate are also the sales momentum of the funeral industry. In perspective, we will continue to uphold the business philosophy of professionalism, integrity and compassion to strengthen operating performance, solid operating foundation, generate outstanding business performance, create greater shareholders' equity, contribute to the prosperity of society and set the record again for national economic development.

Thanks to our shareholders for the support over the years and we do look forward to the continuing guidance and encouragement in the future. Thank you!

Chairman: Liu, Wei-Lung President: Liu, Wei-Lung Chief Accountant: Chan, Shu-Juan

2018 Audit Committee's Review Report

The Board of Directors has prepared the Company's 2018 Business Report, Financial Statements, and proposal for profit apportionment, of which the individual and consolidated financial report have been audited by CPA Tseng, Guo-Yang and CPA Lai, Li-Zen of KPMG. An audit report for above financial statement has been issued as well.

The business report, individual and consolidated financial statements, and proposal for profit apportionment mentioned above have been audited and concluded to comply with related Company Act by the Audit Committee. Hereby we submit this report according to Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Law.

To

Lungyen Life Service Corp. 2019 Annual Meeting of Shareholders

Independent Director: Yeh, Shu

Independent Director: Wang, Huai

Independent Director: Wang, Chun-Chung

February 26, 2019

Comparison Table for the

"Rules and Procedures of Board of Directors Meetings"

Before and After Revision

Article	After the Revision	Before the Revision	Remarks
4	The designated unit responsible for the	The designated unit responsible for the	Revised in
	Board Meetings of the Company shall be	Board Meetings of the Company shall be	accordance
	the Board Secretary.	the Board Secretary.	with current
	The unit responsible for board meeting	The unit responsible for board meeting	laws and
	shall draft items and prepare sufficient	shall draft items and prepare sufficient	regulations.
	meeting materials, and shall deliver them	meeting materials, and shall deliver them	
	together with the notice of the Meeting.	together with the notice of the Meeting.	
	A Director who is of the opinion that the	A Director who is of the opinion that the	
	meeting material provided are insufficient	meeting material provided are insufficient	
	may request their supplementation by the	may request their supplementation by the	
	unit responsible for Board Meetings, and	unit responsible for Board Meetings. If a	
	the designated unit shall provide the	Directors is of the opinion that materials	
	supplementary materials within 5 days. If	concerning any proposal are insufficient,	
	a Directors is of the opinion that materials	the deliberation of such proposal may be	
	concerning any proposal are insufficient,	postponed by a resolution of the Board of	
	the deliberation of such proposal may be	Directors	
	postponed by a resolution of the Board of		
	Directors.		
4-1	All directors of the Company should be	(new article)	Revised in
	able to obtain the assistance of the head		accordance
	of corporate governance to ensure that		with current
	the board procedures and all applicable		laws and
	laws and regulations are followed, and		regulations.
	that communication between board		
	members, directors and management is		
	good.		
4-2	The Company has set up the head of	(new article)	Revised in
	corporate governance, and the head of		accordance
	corporate governance (the Board		with current
	secretary) is responsible for handling the		laws and
	requirements of the directors within 5		regulations.
	days in an effective and effective manner.		
18	These Rules and Procedures shall be	These Rules and Procedures shall be	Added new
	adopted by the approval of the Board of	adopted by the approval of the Board of	amendment
	Directors Meeting and shall be reported to	Directors Meeting and shall be reported	records
	the Shareholders Meeting.	to the Shareholders Meeting.	
	The 1 st amendment was on	The 1 st amendment was on	
	January 1, 2007	January 1, 2007	
	The 2nd amendment was on	The 2nd amendment was on	

Appendix 3: Comparison Table for the 'Rules and Procedures of Board of Directors Meetings' before and after Revision

Article	After the Revision	Before the Revision	Remarks		
	March 31, 2011	March 31, 2011			
	The 3rd amendment was on	The 3rd amendment was on			
	March 19, 2012	March 19, 2012			
	The 4 th amendment was on	The 4 th amendment was on			
	March 14, 2013	March 14, 2013			
	The 5 th amendment was on	The 5 th amendment was on			
	November 7, 2017	November 7, 2017			
	The 6 th amendment was on	The 6 th amendment was on			
	May 7, 2018	May 7, 2018			
	The 7 th amendment was on_				
	<u> April 11, 2019</u>				

2018 Independent Auditor's Audit Report and Consolidated Financial Statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To Board of Directors and Shareholders Lungyen Life Service Corp.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Lungyen Life Service Corporation and Subsidiaries (the "Company"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulation Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

As mentioned in Note 3(1) of the Consolidated Financial Report, the Company first introduced the International Financial Reporting Standards 9 "Financial Instruments" on January 1, 2018 and chose not to restate the comparison period, thus we did not modify the audit opinion.

As mentioned in Note 3(1), the Company first introduced the International Financial Reporting Standards 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" on January 1, 2018 and adopted the cumulative effect method rather restated the comparison period, thus we did not modify the audit opinion.

Key Audit Matter

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provided a separate opinion on these matter. Key audit matters for the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018 are stated as follows:

1. Revenues Recognition

Accounting policies regarding revenues recognition can be found Notes 4 (18) Revenues Recognition; explanation for revenues recognition can be found in Notes 6 (20) Revenues.

Explanation for key audit matters:

The Company sells columbarium and cemetery products and provides funeral services, prepayments for products and services are paid by cash or installments. Timing of revenues recognition is judged by management team.

Besides, as being a listed company, the Company may be affected by external investors and debtors' expectation and internal performance pressure to inflate revenues, which may bring risks to revenues recognition. Therefore, examination on revenues recognition is one of our key audit matters when auditing the Company's consolidated financial reports.

Adaptive auditing processes:

- Examine whether revenues were recognized based on the Company's internal control process;
- Conduct the selective examination of sales orders, contracts and collection records to clarify whether revenues were recognized at a proper timing.

2. Goodwill and Goodwill Impairment

Accounting policies regarding goodwill and goodwill impairment can be found in Notes 4 (15) Intangible Assets; estimation and uncertainty of assumption of goodwill and goodwill impairment can be found in Notes 5 (2); explanation of goodwill and goodwill impairment can be found in Notes 6 (11) of the consolidated financial report.

Explanation of key auditing matters:

The Company's goodwill and trademark were resulted from corporate acquisition; receivable amounts related to goodwill and trademark were estimated based on managers' subjective judgment thus including high uncertainty, which may result in material risks of inaccurate expression. For this reason, examination on goodwill and goodwill impairment is one of our key audit matters when auditing the Company's consolidated financial reports.

Adaptive auditing processes:

- Examine whether the cash generating unit and impairment test process recognized by managers were comprehensive and correct.
- Access the rationality of evaluation method adopted by managers to evaluate receivable
 amounts; access the accuracy of past forecast made by managers; examine calculating and
 accounting records of receivable amounts of cash unit evaluated by managers; access
 parameters used to estimate cash flow forecast and receivable amounts (eg. sales growth rate);
 and examine weighted average cost of capital and parameters thereon used in the impairment
 tests.

Other Matter

We also audited the unconsolidated financial report of Lungyen Life Service Corp. as of and for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 on which we have issued an unmodified opinion and an emphasis of matter.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charge with Governance of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the IFRS, IAS, IFRIC and SIC endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operation, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including members of the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objective are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue and auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matter, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determined that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

KPMG

CPA: Zeng, Guo-Yang

Lai. Li-Zeng

Approval issued by the competent securities authority:

FSC VI. Tzi No. 0940129108 February 26, 2019

Lungyen Life Service Corp. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Balance Sheets

December 31, 2018 and 2017

(All Amounts Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Share)

		12.31.2018	.	12.31.201	2 31 2017		12.31.2018		12.31.201		
Assets		Amount	Amount % Amount % Liabilities and Equity		Liabilities and Equity	Amount	<u></u>	Amount			
	Current assets:		<u> </u>				Current liabilities:				
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6 (1) & 9)	\$ 194,002	_	169,781	_	2100	Short-term loan (Note 6 (12))	\$ 3,165,300	5	2,824,000	5
1110	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current (Note 6	1,527,182	2	1,457,535	3	2130	Contract Liability – current(Note 6 (20) & 9)	37,755,020	61	-	-
1110	(2) & 9)	1,027,102	_	1,107,000		2150	Notes payable	7,105	-	-	-
1150	Notes receivable, net (Note 6 (3) & (20))	6,345	_	16,577	_	2170	Payable accounts (Note 7)	617,756	1	464,114	1
1170	Accounts receivable, net (Note 6 (3) & (20))	8,748,396	14	1,009,425	2	2200	Other payable accounts (Note 7)	830,485	1	709,194	1
1320	Inventory (Note 6(4), 7, & 8)	15,440,765	25	14,768,349	28	2230	Current income tax liabilities (Note 6 (17))	290,179	-	249,060	-
1410	Prepayments (Note 9)	251,030	-	9,548,767	18	2310	Advance receipts (Note 10)	834,391	1	32,222,626	60
1460	Non-current assets for sale (net) (Note 6 (5) & 8)	2,565,683	4	-	-	2399	Other current liabilities - others	7,835		8,562	
1476	Other financial assets – current (Note 6 (12), 8 & 9)	2,113,425	3	2,374,528	4			43,508,071	69	36,477,556	<u>67</u>
1479	Other current assets (Note 7 & 9)	7,600	_	3,497	_		Non-current liabilities:				
1480	Incremental cost of contract acquisition – current (Note 9)	7,969,334	13	-	_	2530	Corporate bond payable (Note 6 (14))	3,190,916	5	3,139,651	6
1400	incremental cost of contract acquisition – current (Note 9)	38,823,762	61	29,348,459	55	2570	Deferred income tax liabilities (Note 6 (17))	16,119	-	18,994	-
	Non-current assets:			29,340,439		2640	Net defined benefit liability – non-current	30,686	-	31,263	-
1517	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	10,048,850	17			2645	Deposit received	71,542	-	60,931	-
1317	(Note 6 (2), 8, & 9)	10,048,830	1 /	-	-	2670	Other non-current liabilities - others	2,981		2,981	
1524	Available-for-sale financial assets - non-current (Note 6 (2), 8, &			8,585,120	16				5	3,253,820	6
1324		-	-	8,383,120	10		Total liabilities	46,820,315	74	39,731,376	<u>73</u>
1507	9) Hold to motivity financial assets and autment (Note 6(2) % 0)			614,832	1		Equity attributable to owners of parent (Note $6(13)$ & (17))				
1527	Held to maturity financial assets – non-current (Note 6(2) & 9)	1 017 051	- 2	014,832	1	3100	Capital stock – common stock	4,200,842	7	4,200,842	8
1535	Financial assets at amortized cost—non-current (Note 6(2) & 9)	1,017,051	2	-	-	3200	Capital surplus	2,519,954	4	2,519,954	5
1543	Financial assets carried at cost—non-current (Note 6 (2))	-	-	18,992	-		Retained earnings:				
1550	Investment under equity method (Note 6 (6) & (67)	1,209,106	2	425,480	1	3310	Legal reserve	1,280,001	2	1,095,601	2
1600	Property, plant and equipment (Note 6 (9), 7, 8, & 9)	5,812,305	9	5,844,965	11	3350	Unappropriated retained earnings	6,293,123	10	4,253,894	8
1760	Investment property, net (Note 6 (10), 8, & 9)	3,893,572	6	6,486,105	12	3400	Other equity interest	688,453	1	458,615	1
1780	Intangible assets (Note 6 (11))	759,365	1	764,631	1		Total equity attributable to owners of parent	14,982,373	24	12,528,906	24
1840	Deferred income tax assets (Note 6 (17))	899,795	1	805,900	2	36xx	Non-controlling interest (Note 6 (6)&(18))	1,490,620	2	1,377,297	3
1980	Other financial assets – non-current (Note 7)	55,838	-	45,761	-		Total Equity		26	13,906,203	27
1990	Other non-current assets - others	773,664	1	697,334	1			16,472,993		, , , , , ,	
		24,469,546	39	24,289,120	45		Total liabilities and equity	\$ 63,293,308	100	53,637,579	100
	Total Assets						20 m. navinico una equiej	<u> </u>	100	20,301,017	100
		<u>\$ 63,293,308</u>	<u>100</u>	53,637,579	<u>100</u>						

Lungyen Life Service Corp. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

For Year Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

(All Amounts Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Share)

		2018		2017			
	_	Amount	_%	Amount	_%		
4000	Operating revenue (Note 6 (15), (20), (21), & 7)	\$ 4,957,018	100	5,104,378	100		
5000	Operating cost(Note 6 (15) & 7)	1,613,521	33	1,293,599	25		
5900	Operating gross profit (loss)	3,343,497	<u>67</u>	3,810,779	75		
	Operating expenses (Note 6 (16),(22) & 7) :						
6100	Selling expenses	981,072	20	965,280	19		
6200	Administration expenses	547,579	11	620,414	12		
6450	Expected credit losses	7,763	-	, -	_		
	1	1,536,414	31	1,585,694	31		
6500	Other income and expenses (Note 6 (23))	145,618	3				
6900	Operating income	1,952,701	39	2,225,085	44		
	Non-operating income and expenses (Note 6(24)&7):						
7010	Other income	433,354	9	398,736	8		
7020	Other gains and losses	338,277	7	(85,410)	(2)		
7050	Financial costs	(83,273)	(2)	(81,040)	(2)		
7060	Share of profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures	(42,241)	<u>(1)</u>	(11,190)	(2)		
7000	accounted for using equity method (Note 6 (6))	(42,241)	(1)	(11,190)			
	accounted for using equity method (Note 6 (6))	646 117	12	221 006	4		
7000	0	646,117	<u>13</u>	221,096	4		
7900	Operating income before tax	2,598,818	52	2,446,181	48		
7950	Less: Income tax expense (Note 6 (17))	307,344	<u>6</u>	<u>264,148</u>	5		
	Net income	2,291,474	<u>46</u>	2,182,033	43		
8300	Other comprehensive income:						
8310	Items that may not be subsequently reclassified to profit						
	or loss:						
8311	Defined benefit obligation (Note 6(16))	791	-	(669)	-		
8316 Unrealized loss	Unrealized loss on investments in equity instruments at						
	fair value through other	481,235	<u>10</u>	_			
	comprehensive income						
	Total items that may not be subsequently reclassified to	482,026	10	(669)			
	profit or loss						
8360	Items that may be subsequently reclassified to						
	profit or loss						
8361	Exchange differences on translation of foreign	34,825	1	(2,157)	-		
	statements	,		. , ,			
8362	Unrealized losses on available-for-sale financial assets	<u>-</u>	_	60,431	1		
8367	Unrealized loss on investments in debt instruments at	(42,204)	(1)	-	_		
0007	fair value through other	(12,201)	(1)				
	comprehensive income						
8370	Share of other comprehensive profit (loss) of associates	(45,815)	(1)	(368)	_		
0370	and joint ventures accounted for using equity method-	(10,010)	(1)	(200)			
							
	items that may be reclassified to profit or loss	(52.104)	(1)	<i>57.006</i>	1		
	Total items that may be subsequently reclassified to	(53,194)	(1)	57,906	1		
0200	profit or loss	400.000	0	55.005			
8300	Other comprehensive income, net	428,832	<u> </u>	57,237	1		
	Total comprehensive income	<u>\$ 2,720,306</u>	<u> 55</u>	<u>2,239,270</u>	44		
	Net income, attributable to:						
8610	Owners of parent	\$ 2,180,535	44	1,843,999	36		
8620	Non-controlling interest	110,939	2	338,034	7		
		<u>\$ 2,291,474</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>2,182,033</u>	43		
	Total comprehensive income, attributable to:						
8710	Owners of parent	\$ 2,606,983	53	1,904,588	37		
8720	Non-controlling interest	113,323	2	334,682	7		
	-	\$ 2,720,306	<u>55</u>	2,239,270	44		
			_ 				
	Earnings per share (Note 6 (19)) Basic earnings per share (NTD)	<u>\$ 2,/20,500</u>	=		5.19		

Lungyen Life Service Corp. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

For Year of 2018 and 2017

(All Amounts Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Equity attributable to owners of parent												
					1 1			Others					
	Capital Stock			Dotoine	od Formings			Unrealized gain (loss) on financial	Unrealized				
	Common	Capital	Legal	Special	Retained Earnings pecial Unappropriated			assets at fair value	gain (loss) on		Total equity		
	Stock	Surplus	reserve	reserve	Earnings	Total	Exchange diffefernces	through other	available-for-		attributable	Non-	
							on foreign	comprehensive	sale financial		to owners	controlling	
Balance – January 1, 2018	\$ 3,990,842	1,420,112	997,817	401,665	2,610,784	4,010,266	<u>translation</u> (11,300)	income	assets 408,657	Total 397.357	of parent 9,818,577	<u>interests</u> 1,254,399	Total equity 11,072,976
Net profit	\$ 3,990,842	1,420,112	997,817	-	1,843,999	1,843,999	(11,300)		-		1,843,999	338,034	2,182,033
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	_	(669)	(669)	(2,525)	_	63,783	61,258	60,589	(3,352)	57,237
Total comprehensive income				_	1,843,330	1,843,330	(2,525)	_	63,783	61,258	1,904,588	334,682	2,239,270
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:				_	1,015,550	1,013,550	(2,323)		03,703	01,230	1,501,500	331,002	2,237,270
Legal reserve	_	_	97,7	_	(97,784)	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
6			84		(21,101)								
Special reserve	-	-	-	(401,66	401,665	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
				5)	(504.101)	(504.10					(504.1		(504.1
Cash dividends on ordinary shares	-	-	-	-	(504,101)	(504,10	-	-	-	-	(504,1 01)	-	(504,1 01)
(NTD\$1.2 per share)		0.0				1)					*		
Recognition of equity from issuance of convertible bond	-	9,9 61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9, 961	-	9, 961
Capital increased by cash	210,0	1,094,1 00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,304, 100	-	1,304, 100
Changes to subsidiaries' ownership	-	(4,21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,2	4, 219	-
Increase (decrease) in non-controlling interests	-	9) -	_	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	(216,0	(216,0
												03)	03)
Balance – January 1, 2018	4,200,842	2,519,954	1,095,601	-	4,253,894	5,349,495	(13,825)	-	472,440	458,615	12,528,906	1,377,297	13,906,203
Retrospective adjustment due to new					1,104,855	1,104,855		264,279	(472,440)	(208,161)	896,694		896,694
accounting standard													
Restated beginning balance	4,200,842	2,519,954	1,095,601		5,358,749	6,454,350	(13,825)	264,279		250,454	13,425,600	1,377,297	14,802,897
Net income	-	-	-	-	2,180,535	2,180,535	-	-	-	-	2,180,535	110,939	2,291,474
Other comprehensive income					791	791	(10,990)	436,647	-	425,657	426,448	2,384	428,832
Total comprehensive income					2,181,326	2,181,326	(10,990)	436,647		425,657	2,606,983	113,323	2,720,306
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:													
Legal reserve	-	-	184,400	-	(184,400)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends on ordinary shares	-	-	-	-	(1,050,210)	(1,050,210)	-	-	-	-	(1,050,210)	-	(1,050,210)
(NTD\$2.5 per share)													
Disposal of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	-		- -	-	(12,342)	(12,342)	-	12,342	-	12,342	-	-	-
Balance –September 30, 2018	<u>\$ 4,200,842</u>	2,519,954	1,280,001		6,293,123	7,573,124	(24,815)	713,268		688,453	14,982,373	1,490,620	16,472,993

and consolidated financial statements Lungyen Life Service Corp. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Year Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

$(expressed \ in \ thousands \ of \ New \ Taiwan \ dollars)$

	2018	2017		
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities				
Profit (loss) before tax	\$ 2,598,818	2,446,181		
Adjustments:				
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss):				
Depreciation expense	127,920	144,589		
Amortization expense	17,427	16,039		
Allowance for bad debt	7,763	19,643		
Net loss (profit) on financial assets or liabilities at fair value	12,347	(25,910)		
through profit or loss				
Interest expense	83,273	81,040		
Interest revenue	(277,761)	(115,984)		
Dividend income	(232,871)	(184,701)		
Loss (gain) on affiliates under equity method	42,241	11,190		
Loss (gain) on disposal and scrap of property, plant and equipment	1,780	(179)		
Loss (gain) on disposal of investment property	(525)	-		
Loss (gain) on disposal of other assets	(347,626)	-		
Loss (gain) on disposal of investment	-	(27,814)		
Loss (gain) on disposal of investment under equity method	6,924	-		
Impairment loss on financial assets	5,940	-		
Exchange loss on available-for-sale financial assets	-	88,602		
Exchange profit on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(51,860)	-		
Loss on disposal of financial assets at fair value through other	27,734			
comprehensive income				
Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)	(577,294)	6,515		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) Decrease in financial assets held for trading	-	(524,392)		
(Increase) Decrease in financial assets at fair value through	53,012	-		
income				
(Increase) Decrease in notes receivable	10,232	(6,865)		
(Increase) Decrease in account receivable	(28,893)	(497,884)		
(Increase) Decrease in inventories	(672,416)	(343,138)		
(Increase) Decrease in prepayments	169,335	(759,634)		
(Increase) Decrease in other financial assets	(99,759)	13,044		
(Increase) Decrease in other current assets	(5,180)	1,507		
Increase (Decrease) in incremental cost of contract acquisition	183,643	-		
Increase (Decrease) in contract liabilities	(155,281)	-		
Increase(Decrease) in accounts payable	153,642	19,978		
Increase (Decrease) in other payable	76,677	189,663		
Increase (Decrease) in advance receipts	5,637	553,636		
Increase (Decrease) in other current liabilities	(729)	(3,379)		
Increase (Decrease) in defined benefits liabilities	214	536		
Total net change in assets and liabilities related to operations	(309,866)	(1,356,928)		
Total Adjustments	(887,160)	(1,350,413)		
Cash inflow generated from operations	1,711,658	1,095,768		
Interest received	277,891	109,852		
Dividend received	232,871	187,000		
Interest paid	(25,874)	(37,899)		
Income taxes (paid)	(368,476)	(112,891)		
	 -			

Lungyen Life Service Corp. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Cont.)

Year Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

(expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	2018	2017
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities	1,828,070	1,241,830
Cash flows from (used in) investment activities		
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(1,857,471)	-
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	929,548	-
Return on capital reduction of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	893	-
Distribution from liquidation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	2,551	-
Acquisition of financial assets at amortized cost	(607,084)	-
Acquisition of available-for-sale financial assets	-	(1,124,127)
Disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	-	1,218,123
Acquisition of held-to-maturity financial assets	-	(309,640)
Disposal of investment under equity method	1,009	-
Payment from capital reduction of investee under equity method	-	11,135
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(71,929)	(75,765)
Disposal of property, plant and equipment	814	997
Acquisition of intangible assets	(12,161)	(5,444)
Acquisition of investment property	(675)	-
Disposal of investment property	750	-
Decrease (Increase) in other financial assets - current	215,383	(317,515)
Decrease (Increase) in other financial assets - non current	(10,075)	(20,612)
Cash outflow due loss of control of subsidiaries	(17,621)	-
Disposal of other non-current assets	604,302	15
Acquisition of other non-current assets	(293,430)	
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities	(1,115,196)	(622,833)
Cash flow from (used in) financing activities:		
Increase in short-term loans	8,479,300	8,804,100
Decrease in short-term loans	(8,138,000)	(13,155,000)
Issuance of corporate bond	-	3,113,000
Increase in guarantee deposits	10,611	8,129
Cash dividends	(1,050,210)	(504,101)
Capital increase	-	1,304,100
Change in non-controlling interests		(216,003)
Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities	(698,299)	(645,775)
Effects of foreign exchange rates changes on cash and cash equivalents	9,646	(3,062)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	24,221	(29,840)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	169,781	199,621
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 194,002	169,781

2018 Independent Auditor's Audit Report and Individual Financial Statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To Board of Directors and Shareholders

Lungyen Life Service Corp.

We have audited the financial statements of Lungyen Life Service Corporation, which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying individual financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulation Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Highlighted Items

As illustrated in Note 3 (1), the Company first applied IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" on January 1, 2018 and chose not to restate the financial statements of the comparison period. We do not adjust the review results accordingly.

As illustrated in Note 3 (1), the Company first applied IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" on January 1, 2018 and chose not to restate the financial statements of the comparison period. We do not adjust the review results accordingly.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provided a separate opinion on these matter. Key audit matters for the Company's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018 are stated as follows:

1. Revenues Recognition

Accounting policies regarding revenues recognition can be found Notes 4 (17) Revenues Recognition; explanation for revenues recognition can be found in Notes 6 (17) Revenues.

Explanation for key audit matters:

The Company sells columbarium and cemetery products and provides funeral services, and the products and services are paid by cash or installments. Timing of revenues recognition is judged by management team.

Besides, as being a listed company, the Company may be affected by external investors and debtors' expectation and internal performance pressure to inflate revenues, which may bring risks to revenues recognition. Therefore, examination on revenues recognition is one of our key audit matters when auditing the Company's individual financial reports.

Adaptive auditing processes:

- Examine whether revenues were recognized based on the Company's internal control process;
- Conduct the selective examination of sales orders, contracts and collection records to clarify whether revenues were recognized at a proper timing.

2. Goodwill and Goodwill Impairment

Accounting policies regarding goodwill and goodwill impairment can be found in Notes 4 (14) Intangible Assets; estimation and uncertainty of assumption of goodwill and goodwill impairment can be found in Notes 5 (2); explanation of goodwill and goodwill impairment can be found in Notes 6 (9) of the consolidated financial report.

Explanation of key auditing matters:

The Company's goodwill and trademark were resulted from corporate acquisition; receivable amounts related to goodwill and trademark were estimated based on managers' subjective judgment thus including high uncertainty, which may result in material risks of inaccurate expression. For this reason, examination on goodwill and goodwill impairment is one of our key audit matters when auditing the Company's financial reports.

Adaptive auditing processes:

- Examine whether the cash generating unit and impairment test process recognized by managers were comprehensive and correct.
- Access the rationality of evaluation method adopted by managers to evaluate receivable amounts; access the accuracy of past forecast made by managers; examine calculating and accounting records of receivable amounts of cash unit evaluated by managers; access parameters used to estimate cash flow forecast and receivable amounts (e.g. sales growth rate); and examine weighted average cost of capital and parameters (e.g. stock price) thereon used in the impairment tests.

Management's Responsibility for the Individual Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the individual financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers to enable the preparation of individual financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the individual financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operation, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee of the Company are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Individual Financial Statements

Our objective are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the individual financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue and auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these individual financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the individual financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or

conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the individual financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the individual financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the individual financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the individual financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matter, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the individual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determined that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

KPMG

CPA: Zeng, Guo-Yang

Lai. Li-Zeng

Approval issued by the competent securities authority: FSC VI. Tzi No. 0940129108 February 26, 2019

12.31.2018

12.31.2017

Lungyen Life Service Corp. and Subsidiaries Individual Balance Sheets

December 31, 2018 and 2017

(All Amounts Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Share)

								12.31.2010		12.31.2017	
	Assats	12.31.2018		12.31.2017	7		Liabilities and Equity	Amonut	%	Amount	%
	Assets	Amount	<u>%</u> _	Amount	_70_		Current liabilities:				
	Current Assets:					2100	Short-term loan (Note 6 (10), (22))	\$ 3,089,000	5	2,792,000	5
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6 (1) & (22))	\$ 107,666		60,066		2130	Contract Liability—current (Note 6 (17) &9)	37,522,150	63	-	-
1110	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current	1,227,298	2	1,178,602	2	2150	Notes Payable (Note 6 (22))	7,027	-	-	-
	(Note 6 (2) \cdot (22) and 9)					2170	Accounts Payable (Note 6 (22))	460,468	1	350,135	1
1150	Notes receivable, net (Note 6 (3) & (22))	6,345		16,077		2180	Accounts Payable-related party (Note 6 (22) &7)	41,104	-	38,223	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net (Note 6 (3) & (22))	8,120,727		555,505	1	2200	Other payable accounts (Note 6 (22) &7)	611,424	1	537,363	1
1320	Inventory (Note 6 (4) & 8)	12,125,388		11,776,407		2230	Current income tax liabilities	228,777	-	177,515	-
1410	Prepayments (Note 7)	257,307	-	8,839,371	17	2310	Advance receipts (Note 9)	833,687	1	32,181,387	63
1460	Non-current assets for sale (net) (Note 6 (5) & 8)	2,565,683	4	-	-	2399	Other current liabilities - others(Note 7)	23,262	-	31,786	
1476	Other financial assets – current (Note 6 (22), 7 &9)	2,146,927	4	2,255,362	5			42,816,899	71	36,108,409	70
1479	Other current assets-other	7,567	-	1,877	-		Non-current liabilities:				
1480	Incremental cost of contract acquisition - current	7,910,905	13	-		2530	Corporate bond payable (Note 6 (11), (22) & 7)	3,190,916	5	3,139,651	6
		34,475,813	57	24,683,267	48	2570	Deferred income tax liabilities (Note 6 (14))	16,119	-	18,994	-
	Non-current assets:					2640	Net defined benefit liability – non-current (Note 6 (13))	30,686	-	31,263	-
1517	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 6 (2),	9,966,394	17	-	-	2645	Deposit received (Note 6 (22))	71,542	_	60,931	_
	(22), 8 & 9)						•	3,309,263	5	3,250,839	6
1524	Available-for-sale financial assets - non-current (Note 6 (2), (22), 8 & 9)	-	-	8,508,339	17		Total liabilities	46,126,162	76	39,359,248	76
1527	Held to maturity financial assets – non-current (Note 6 (2), (22) & 9)	-	-	614,832	1						·
1535	Financial assets at amortized cost—non-current (Note 6 (2), (22) & 9)	1,017,051	2	-	-		Equity:				
1543	Financial assets carried at cost—non-current (Note 6 (2), (22))	-	-	17,207	-	3100	Capital stock (Note 6 (15))	4,200,842	7	4,200,842	8
1550	Investment under equity method (Note 6 (6))	3,652,194	6	3,590,587	7	3200	Capital surplus (Note 6 (11) & (15))	2,519,954	4	2,519,954	
1600	Property, plant and equipment (Note 6 (7), 7, 8 & 9)	5,679,403	9	5,711,010	12		Retained earnings:	, ,		, ,	
1760	Investment property, net (Note 6 (8), 8 & 9)	3,886,738	6	6,479,270	12	3310	Legal reserve (Note 6 (15))	1,280,001	2	1,095,601	2
1780	Intangible assets (Note 6 (9))	759,365	1	764,631	1	3350	Unappropriated retained earnings (or losses to be compensated) (Note 6 (15))	6,293,123		4,253,894	
1840	Deferred income tax assets (Note 6 (14))	854,014	1	777,751	1			7.573.124		5,349,495	10
1980	Other financial assets – non-current (Note 6 (22) & 7)	44,283	_	44,298	_		Other equity interest:				
1990	Other non-current assets - others	773,280	1	696,962	1	3410	Exchange difference for conversion of financial statements of foreign operating	(24,815)	_	(13,825)	_
		26,632,722	43	27,204,887	52	3110	institutions (Note 6 (15))	(21,013)		(13,023)	
				, ,		3420	Unrealized gains and losses on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 6 (15))	713,268	1	-	-
						3425	Unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale financial assets (Note 6 (15))	_	_	472,440	1
						5.25	constants and respect on available for sale inflational assets (110te of (15))	688,453	1	458,615	
							Total Equity	14.982.373	24	12,528,906	
	Total Assets	\$ 61,108,535	100	51,888,154	100		Total liabilities and equity	\$ 61,108,535		51,888,154	
							Total national and equity	<u>Ψ 014100402020</u>	100		

Lungyen Life Service Corp. and Subsidiaries Individual Statements of Comprehensive Income

January 1 to December 31, 2018 and 2017

(All Amounts Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Share)

		2018		2017		
		Amount	%	Amount	%	
4000	Operating revenue (Note 6 (12), (17) & (18))	\$ 4,378,482	100	3,831,552	100	
5000	Operating cost (Note 6 (12))	1,552,236	36	1,176,602	31	
5900	Operating gross profit (loss)	2,826,246	64	2,654,950	69	
	Operating expenses:					
6100	Selling expenses	877,929	20	721,424	19	
6200	Administration expenses (Note 6 (19) & 7)	485,396	11	483,881	13	
6450	Expected credit impairment loss (gain) (Note 6 (3))	7,763	_	-	_	
6000	Total operating expenses	1,371,088	31	1,205,305	32	
6500	Other income and expenses (Note 6(20))	138,011	3		_	
6900	Operating income (loss)	1,593,169	36	1,449,645	<u>37</u>	
	Non-operating income and expenses:			_ , _, _		
7010	Other income (Note 6 (21) & 7)	463,243	11	414,058	11	
7020	Other gains and losses (Note 6 (21))	346,825	8	(90,582)	(2)	
7050	Financial costs (Note 6 (21))	(79,419)	(2)	(80,703)	(2)	
7070	Share of profit (loss) of subsidiaries associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method (Note 6 (6))	69,571	2	358,995	9	
		800,400	19	601,768	16	
7900	Operating income before tax	2,393,569	55	2,051,413	53	
7950	Less: Income tax expense (Note 6 (14))	213,034	5_	207,414	5	
	Net income	2,180,535	50	1,843,999	48	
8300	Other comprehensive income:	2,100,555		1,0 (3,777		
8310	Items that may not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss:					
8311	Revaluation of defined benefit plans (Note 6 (13))	(791)	_	(669)	_	
8316	Unrealized loss on investments in equity instruments at fair value through	476,006	11	-	_	
	other	470,000	11			
	comprehensive income					
8330	Share of other comprehensive profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method- items that may not be reclassified to	2,845	-	-	-	
	profit or loss					
8360	Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss:					
8361	Exchange differences on translation of foreign statements	34,825	1	(4,848)	-	
8362	Unrealized losses on available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	67,783	2	
8367	Unrealized loss on investments in liability instruments at fair value through other					
8380	comprehensive income Share of other comprehensive profit (loss) of subsidiaries, associates and joint	(42,204)	(1)	-	-	
	ventures accounted for using equity method- items that may be reclassified to	(45,815)	(1)	(1,677)		
	profit or loss Total items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·		
8300	Other comprehensive income, net	(53,194)	(1)	61,258		
0300	Total comprehensive income	426,448	10	60,589	2	
	-	<u>\$ 2,606,983</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>1,904,588</u>	<u>50</u>	
	Net income, attributable to: Earnings per share (Note 6(16))					
9750	Basic earnings per share (NTD)	¢	5 10		1 11	
9850	Diluted earnings per share (NTD)	<u> </u>	5.19 4.70		4.44	
7030	Drawa carmings per snare (141D)	<u> </u>	4.70		4.15	

Lungyen Life Service Corp. and Subsidiaries Individual Statements of Changes in Equity

For Year of 2018 and 2017

(All Amounts Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

								Others			
	G * 10. 1						Exchange	Unrealized gain			
	Capital Stock Common Stock	Capital Surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	ed Earnings Unappropriated Earnings	Total	diffefernces on foreign translation	(loss) on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive	Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for- sale financial	Total	Total equity
Balance – January 1, 2017	\$3,990,842	1,420,112	997,817	401,665	2,610,784	4,010,266	(11,300)	income	<u>assets</u> 408,657	397,357	9,818,577
Net profit	<u>\$ 3,990,642</u>		997,017	401,003	1,843,999	1,843,999	(11,500)		400,037	391,331	1,843,999
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	_	(669)	(669)	(2,525)	- -	63,783	61,258	60,589
Total comprehensive income					1,843,330	1,843,330	(2,525)		63,783	61,258	1,904,588
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:					1,013,330	1,013,330	(2,323)		03,703	01,230	1,501,500
Legal reserve	-	-	97,784	-	(97,784)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	-	-	-	(401,665)	401,665	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends on ordinary shares (NTD\$1.2 per share)	-	-	-	-	(504,101)	(504,101)	-	-	-	-	(504,101)
Other changes in capital surplus:											
Recognition of equity from issuance of convertible bond	-	9,961	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,961
Capital increased by cash	210,000	1,094,100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,304,100
Changes to subsidiaries' ownership		(4,219)									(4,219)
Balance – December 31, 2017	4,200,842	2,519,954	1,095,601	-	4,253,894	5,349,495	(13,825)	-	472,440	458,615	12,528,906
Retrospective adjustment due to new					1,104,855	1,104,855		264,279	(472,440)	(208,161)	896,694
accounting standard											
Restated beginning balance	4,200,842	2,519,954	1,095,601		5,358,749	6,454,350	(13,825)	264,279		250,454	13,425,600
Net income	-	-	-	-	2,180,535	2,180,535	-	-	-	-	2,180,535
Other comprehensive income					<u>791</u>	<u>791</u>	(10,990)	436,647		425,657	426,448
Total comprehensive income					2,181,326	2,181,326	(10,990)	436,647		425,657	2,606,983
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:											
Legal reserve	-	-	184,400	-	(184,400)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends on ordinary shares (NTD\$2.5 per share)	-	-	-	-	(1,050,210)	(1,050,210)	-	-	-	-	(1,050,210)
Disposal of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income					(12,342)	(12,342)		12,342		12,342	
Balance – December 31, 2018	<u>\$4,200,842</u>	<u>2,519,954</u>	<u>1,280,001</u>		<u>6,293,123</u>	<u>7,573,124</u>	<u>(24,815)</u>	<u>713,268</u>		688,453	<u>14,982,373</u>

Lungyen Life Service Corp.

Statements of Cash Flows

For The Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

(All Amounts Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Share)

		2018	2017
ash flows from operating activities:	Φ.	2 202 7 60	2.051.412
Profit (loss) before tax	\$	2,393,569	2,051,413
Adjustments:			
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss):		120.220	127 500
Depreciation expense		120,228	137,508
Amortization expense		17,427	15,892
Allowance for doubtful accounts		7,763	3,898
Net loss (gain) on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		13,868	(25,329)
Interest expense		79,419	80,703
Interest income		(269,358)	(103,315)
Dividend income		(228,582)	(179,472)
Share of profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equi method	ity	(69,751)	(358,995)
Loss (gain) on disposal and scrap of property, plant and equipment		606	(179)
Loss (gain) on disposal of investment property		(525)	· · ·
Loss (gain) on disposal of other assets		(347,626)	_
Disposal of investment gains (losses)		-	(21,031)
Impairment loss on financial assets carried at costs		5,940	-
Exchange profit on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		(51,860)	-
Loss on disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive		27,734	_
income		_,,,,	
Exchange loss on available-for-sale financial assets		_	88,603
Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)		(694,717)	(361,717)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		, - , - , - ,	<u> </u>
Net changes in operating assets:			
Financial assets held for trading		_	(291,301)
Financial assets at fair value through income		72,442	-
Notes receivable and account receivable, net		154,589	(77,217)
Inventories		(348,981)	(256,291)
Prepayments		130,511	(115,005)
Other financial assets - current		39,733	(14,180)
Other current assets		(5,690)	1,203
Incremental cost of contract acquisition		215,682	-
Total net changes in operating assets		258,286	(752,791)
Net changes in operating liabilities:		,	(- , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , -
Contract liability		(347,397)	_
Notes payable and accounts payable (including related parties)		120,241	40,540
Other payable		54,696	18,640
Advance receipts		5,418	795,178
Other current liabilities		(8,524)	986
Net defined benefit liabilities		214	536
Total net changes in operating liabilities		(175,352)	855,880
Total net changes in operating assets and liabilities		82,934	103,089
Total adjustments		(611,783)	(258,628)
Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations		1,781,786	1,792,785
Interest received		269,488	97,183
Interest received		209,488	97,18

Lungyen Life Service Corp.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Cont.)

For The Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

(All Amounts Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Share)

	2018	2017
Dividend received	228,582	179,648
Interest paid	(22,021)	(37,562)
Income taxes paid	(240,910)	(88,484)
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities	2,016,925	1,943,570
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities:		
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(1,857,468)	-
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	929,099	-
Return on capital reduction of financial assets at fair value through other	2,551	-
comprehensive income	/co= 00 t)	
Acquisition of financial assets at amortized cost	(607,084)	-
Acquisition of available-for-sale financial assets	-	(1,115,574)
Disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	-	1,183,975
Acquisition of held-to-maturity financial assets	-	(309,640)
Acquisition of investment under equity method	-	(732,955)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(62,245)	(65,283)
Disposal of property, plant and equipment	318	997
Acquisition of intangible assets	(12,161)	(5,444)
Acquisition of investment real estate	(675)	-
Disposal of investment property	749	_
Decrease (increase) in other financial assets - current	69,303	(488,503)
Decrease (increase) in other financial assets - non current	15	(21,334)
Acquisition of other non-current assets	604,302	-
Disposal of other non-current assets	(293,430)	<u>-</u>
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities	(1,226,726)	(1,553,761)
Cash flow from (used in) financing activities:		
Increase in short-term loans	8,435,000	8,794,000
Decrease in short-term loans	(8,138,000)	(13,137,000)
Issuance of corporate bond	-	3,113,000
Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received	10,611	8,129
Payment for cash dividends	(1,050,210)	(504,101)
Capital Increase	-	1,304,100
Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities	(742,599)	(421,872)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	47,600	(32,063)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	60,066	92,129
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 107,666	60,066

Lungyen Life Service Corp. 2018 Appropriation of Earnings

In NT\$

Item	Amount
Balance – January 1, 2018	3,019,282,759
Add(deduct):	
Impact of retrospective application of new standard	1,104,855,351
Adjusted Balance – January 1, 2018	4,124,138,110
Add(deduct):	
Current net income	2,180,534,998
Current change of defined benefit plan actuarial gains and losses	790,397
Disposal of equity instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, cumulative gains and losses transferred directly to retained earnings	(12,341,917)
Legal reserve (10% of total earnings)	(218,053,500)
Earnings available for appropriation for 2018	6,075,068,088
Appropriation:	
Cash dividends - 100% (estimate to be NT\$3.0 per share)	(1,260,252,597)
Balance – December 31, 2018	4,814,815,491

Chairman: Liu, Wei-Lung President: Liu, Wei-Lung Chief Accountant: Chan, Shu-Juan

Comparison Table for the "Article of Incorporation"

Before and After Revision

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
1	The Company shall be incorporated, as a	The Company shall be incorporated, as a	Revised in
	company limited by shares, under the	company limited by shares, under the	accordance with
	Company Law, and its name shall be	Company Law, and its name shall be	current laws and
	巖股份有限公司 in the Chinese	巖股份有限公司 in the Chinese	regulations.
	language, and its English name shall be	language, and "Lungyen Life Service	
	"LUNGYEN LIFE SERVICE	Corp. in the English language.	
	CORPORATION".		
7	The Company's authorized capital stock	The Company's authorized capital stock	Part of words revised
	amounts to NT\$6 billion with 600	amounts to NT\$6 billion with 600	in the original
	million shares issued at a par value of	million shares issued at a par value of	Chinese version.
	NT\$10. The Board of Directors is	NT\$10. The Board of Directors is	
	authorized to have stock shares issued	authorized to have stock shares issued	
	separately, in which, NT600 million	separately, in which, NT600 million	
	divided into 60 million shares at a par	divided into 60 million shares at a par	
	value of NT\$10 shall be reserved for	value of NT\$10 shall be reserved for	
	subscription when the stock option is	subscription when the stock option is	
	exercised.	exercised.	
7-1	Employees, including those of parents	(new article)	Revised in
	or subsidiaries of the Company meeting		accordance with
	certain specific conditions, are entitled		current laws and
	to receive shares bought back by the		regulations.
	Company under the company law, the		
	share subscription warrant, the		
	restricted stock for employees, and the		
	new shares issued from capital increase		
	by cash reserved for the employees. The		
	aforementioned certain conditions are		
	set by the Board of Directors.		
8	All shares certificates of the Company	1 ,	Revised in
	shall be issued in registered form <u>and</u>		accordance with
	shall be issued in accordance with	- 13 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14	current laws and
			regulations.
	other relevant laws and regulations.	numbered and stamped with the	
		corporate seal; also, the stock shares	
		are issued after being certified by the	
		certification agency designated by the	
		competent authority.	
8-1	The Company may issue stocks without	The Company may issue <u>registered</u>	Revised in
	printing share certificates, provided that,		accordance with
	any shares shall be recorded by a	, ,	current laws and
	centralized securities custodian.	recorded by a centralized securities	regulations.

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
		custodian.	
16-3	The Company may set up functional	A notice of convening a Board meeting	New article for
	committees under the Board of	shall be given to each Director in	setting up
	Directors. All kinds of functional		functional
	committees shall stipulate the	before 7 days prior to the meeting date.	committees.
	regulations for exercise of powers,		
	which shall be implemented after the		
	approval of the board of directors.		
16-4	A notice of convening a Board meeting	(new article)	No. of article
	shall be given to each Director in		changed.
	writing, via electronic mail or fax		
	before 7 days prior to the meeting date.		
28	The Company shall set aside not less	The Company shall set aside not less	Revised in
	than 1% of its annual profit, if any, as	1	accordance with
		employee bonus and not more than 2%	current laws and
	as compensation to Directors; provided,	as compensation to Directors; provided,	regulations.
	however, that the Company shall have	however, that the Company shall have	
	reserved a sufficient amount to offset its	reserved a sufficient amount to offset its	
	accumulated losses, if any.	accumulated losses, if any.	
	Employ bonus may be distributed in the	Employ bonus may be distributed in the	
	form of stocks or cash. The employees	form of stocks or cash. The employees	
	qualifying for such distribution may	qualifying for such distribution may include qualified employees of	
	include qualified employees of subsidiaries of the Company. <i>The</i>	subsidiaries of the Company.	
	certain conditions are set by the Board	substitutives of the Company.	
	of Directors.		
	The company may, by a resolution		
	adopted by a majority vote at a meeting		
	of board of directors attended by two-		
	thirds of the total number of directors,		
	have the profit distributable as		
	employees' and directors'		
	compensation, and in addition thereto a		
	report of such distribution shall be		
	submitted to the shareholders' meeting.		
	The Company which has the profit		
	distributed to employees in the form of		
	shares by a resolution of the meeting of		
	board of directors in accordance with		
	the provision of the preceding		
	paragraph may resolve, at the same		
	meeting of the board of directors, to		
	distribute the shares by way of new		
	shares to be issued by the company or		

Appendix 7: Comparison Table for the "Article of I ncorporation" Before and After Revision

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
	existing shares to be re-purchased by		
	the company.		
31	These Articles of Incorporation were	These Articles of Incorporation were	New amendment
	made on February 27, 1987 and amended	made on February 27, 1987 and	records added.
	on:	amended on:	
	The 1st amendment: March 20, 1987.	The 1 st amendment: March 20, 1987.	
	The 2 nd amendment: January 18, 1991.	The 2 nd amendment: January 18, 1991.	
	The 3 rd amendment: September 2, 1992.	The 3 rd amendment: September 2, 1992.	
	The 4 th amendment: December 31, 1993.	The 4 th amendment: December 31, 1993.	
	The 5 th amendment: March 1, 1995.	The 5 th amendment: March 1, 1995.	
	The 6 th amendment: July 15, 1996.	The 6 th amendment: July 15, 1996.	
	-	The 7 th amendment: March 19, 1997.	
	The 8 th amendment: April 26, 1997.	The 8 th amendment: April 26, 1997.	
	The 9 th amendment: October 24, 1997.	The 9 th amendment: October 24, 1997.	
	-	The 10 th amendment: May 18, 1998.	
	The 11 th amendment: December 4, 1998.	The 11 th amendment: December 4, 1998.	
	_	The 12 th amendment: May 6, 1999.	
	The 13 th amendment: June 22, 2001.	The 13 th amendment: June 22, 2001.	
		The 14 th amendment: June 30, 2002.	
	The 15 th amendment: February 8, 2006.	The 15 th amendment: February 8, 2006.	
	The 16 th amendment: February 8, 2006.	The 16 th amendment: February 8, 2006.	
	The 17 th amendment: June 15, 2007.	The 17 th amendment: June 15, 2007.	
	The 18 th amendment: August 1, 2008.	The 18th amendment: August 1, 2008.	
	The 19 th amendment: June 10, 2009.	The 19 th amendment: June 10, 2009.	
	The 20 th amendment: October 29, 2009.	The 20 th amendment: October 29, 2009.	
	The 21 st amendment: October 12, 2010.	The 21 st amendment: October 12, 2010.	
	The 22 nd amendment: June 28, 2011.	The 22 nd amendment: June 28, 2011.	
		The 23 rd amendment: June 6, 2012.	
	The 24 th amendment: June 17, 2014.	The 24 th amendment: June 17, 2014.	
	The 25 th amendment: June 18, 2016.	The 25 th amendment: June 18, 2016.	
	The 26 th amendment: June 17, 2016	The 26 th amendment: June 17, 2016	
	The 27th amendment: June 20, 2018	The 27th amendment: June 20, 2018	
	The 28th amendment: May 31, 2019		

Comparison Table for the

"Procedure for the Acquisition and Disposition of Assets"

Before and After Revision

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
2	The applicability of "assets" defined in	The applicability of "assets" defined in the	Revised in
	the Guidelines is as follows:	Guidelines is as follows:	accordance with
	1. Investments in stocks, government	1. Investments in stocks, government	current laws and
	bonds, corporate bonds, financial	bonds, corporate bonds, financial	regulations.
	bonds, fund-based securities,	bonds, fund-based securities,	
	depositary receipts, call (put)	depositary receipts, call (put)	
	warrants, beneficial securities, and	warrants, beneficial securities, and	
	asset-backed securities;	asset-backed securities;	
	2. Real estate (excluding the inventory	2. Real estate (excluding the inventory	
	of the construction industry) and	of the construction industry) and	
	other Property, plant and equipment;	other Property, plant and equipment;	
	3. Membership card;	3. Membership card;	
	4. Intangible assets including patents,	4. Intangible assets including patents,	
	copyrights, trademarks and charter;	copyrights, trademarks and charter;	
	5. <u>Right-of-use assets;</u>	5. Financial institutions' claims	
	6. Financial institutions' claims	(including receivables, foreign	
	(including receivables, foreign	exchange discount and loans and	
	exchange discount and loans and	nonperforming loans);	
	nonperforming loans);	6. Directives;	
	7. Directives;	7. The acquisition or disposal of assets	
	8. The acquisition or disposal of assets	by law full merger, spins-off,	
	by law full merger, spins-off,	acquisition or assignment of shares;	
	acquisition or assignment of shares;	8. Other important assets.	
	9. Other important assets.		
4	The Company's <u>handling</u> process for the	The Company's <u>decision-making</u> process	Part of words
	acquisition or disposal of assets:	1 1	revised based on
	1. For the Company's acquisition or	1. For the Company's acquisition or	current laws and
	disposal of assets, the undertaking	disposal of assets, the undertaking	regulations.
	unit should have the reasons,	unit should have the reasons,	
	underlying subject, counterparties,	underlying subject, counterparties,	
	transfer price, payment terms and	transfer price, payment terms and	
	price reference presented to the	price reference presented to the	
	competent authorities for decision-	competent authorities for decision-	
	making. If the acquisition or	making. If the acquisition or disposal	
	disposal of assets are in accordance	of assets are in accordance with the	
	with the Guidelines, it should be	Guidelines, it should be resolved by	
	resolved by the limitation of	the limitation of authority act; if it	
	authority act; if it belongs to Article	belongs to Article 185 of the	
	185 of the Company Law, it should	Company Law, it should be resolved	

Appendix 8: Comparison Table for the "Procedure f or the Acquisition and Disposition of Assets" Before and After Revision

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
	be resolved in advance at the	in advance at the shareholders'	
	shareholders' meeting.	meeting.	
	2. The Company's acquisition or	2. The Company's acquisition or	
	disposal of assets that must be	disposal of assets that must be	
	reported to the board of directors for	reported to the board of directors for	
	discussion in accordance with the	discussion in accordance with the	
	Guidelines or other governing laws.	Guidelines or other governing laws.	
	The opinions of each independent	The opinions of each independent	
	director should be considered	director should be considered	
	sufficiently and have their	sufficiently and have their	
	supporting or opposing opinions and	supporting or opposing opinions and	
	reasons documented in the minutes	reasons documented in the minutes	
	of meeting.	of meeting.	
	In addition, if the Company has	In addition, if the Company has	
	independent directors appointed, for the	independent directors appointed, for the	
	acquisition or disposal of assets presented	acquisition or disposal of assets presented	
	to the board of directors for discussion as	to the board of directors for discussion as	
	referred to above, the opinions of each	referred to above, the opinions of each	
	independent director should be considered	independent director should be considered	
	sufficiently and have their supporting or	sufficiently and have their supporting or	
	opposing opinions and reasons	opposing opinions and reasons	
	documented in the minutes of meeting.	documented in the minutes of meeting.	
6	The Company should have the acquisition	The Company should have the acquisition	Revised in
	or disposal of assets fall under one of the	or disposal of assets fall under one of the	accordance with
	following circumstances reported in the	following circumstances reported in the	current laws and
	designated format on-line at the	designated format on-line at the	regulations.
	information network designated by the	information network designated by the	
	competent authorities within 2 days from	competent authorities within 2 days from	
	the date of occurrence:	the date of occurrence:	
	1. The acquisition or disposal of real	1. The acquisition or disposal of real	
	estate or right-of-use assets from and	estate from and to the related party or	
	to the related party or the acquisition	the acquisition or disposal of assets	
	or disposal of assets other than real	other than real estate from and to the	
	estate or right-of-use assets from and	related party exceeds an amount of	
	to the related party exceeds an amount	20% of the paid-in capital, 10% of the	
	of 20% of the paid-in capital, 10% of	total assets, or NT300 million. But the	
	the total assets, or NT300 million. But	trading of bonds or bonds with	
	the trading of <i>domestic</i> bonds or bonds	repurchase or resale agreements, and	
	with repurchase or resale agreements,	purchase or buy back the money	
	and purchase or buy back the money	market fund issued by domestic	
	market fund issued by domestic	securities investment trust are not	
	securities investment trust are not	subject to this restriction.	
	subject to this restriction.	2. Process mergers, spin-offs,	
	2. Process mergers, spin-offs,	acquisitions or assignment of shares.	
	acquisitions or assignment of shares.	3. Engaged in derivatives transaction	

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
	3. Engaged in derivatives transaction	with a loss up to the limit of the total	
	with a loss up to the limit of the total	or individual contract amount regulated	
	or individual contract amount	in this procedure.	
	regulated in this procedure.	4. The acquisition or disposal of <u>assets</u>	
	4. The acquisition or disposal of	that are operating machinery and	
	equipment or right-of-use assets that	equipment and the counterparty is not	
	are operating machinery and	a related party; also, the trade amount	
	equipment and the counterparty is not	reaches the following standards:	
	a related party; also, the trade amount	(1) The Company's paid in capitals does	
	reaches the following standards:	not reach 10 billion, and the trade	
	(1) The Company's paid in capitals does	amount reaches 500 million.	
	not reach 10 billion, and the trade	(2) The Company's paid in capitals	
	amount reaches 500 million.	reaches 10 billion, and the trade	
	(2) The Company's paid in capitals	amount reaches 100 million.	
	reaches 10 billion, and the trade	5. Acquisition or disposal by <u>a public</u>	
	amount reaches 100 million.	<u>company</u> in the construction business	
	5. For construction business of real	of real property thereof for	
	property , the acquisition or disposal by	construction use, and furthermore the	
	the Company thereof for construction	transaction counterparty is not a	
	use, and furthermore the transaction	related party, and the transaction	
	counterparty is not a related party, and	amount reaches NT\$500 million.	
	the transaction amount reaches	6. Where land is acquired under an	
	NT\$500 million.	arrangement on engaging others to	
	6. Where land is acquired under an	build on the company's own land,	
	arrangement on engaging others to	engaging others to build on rented	
	build on the company's own land,	land, joint construction and allocation	
	engaging others to build on rented	of housing units, joint construction and	
	land, joint construction and allocation	allocation of ownership percentages, or	
	of housing units, joint construction and	joint construction and separate sale,	
	allocation of ownership percentages, or	and the amount the company expects	
	joint construction and separate sale,	to invest in the transaction reaches	
	and furthermore the transaction	NT\$500 million. 7. Where an asset transaction other than	
	counterparty is not a related party,	any of those referred to in the	
	and the amount the company expects	preceding six subparagraphs, a	
	to invest in the transaction reaches	disposal of receivables by a financial	
	NT\$500 million.	institution, or an investment in the	
	7. Where an asset transaction other than	mainland China area reaches 20	
	any of those referred to in the	percent or more of paid-in capital or	
	preceding six subparagraphs, a	NT\$300 million; provided, this shall	
	disposal of receivables by a financial	not apply to the following	
	institution, or an investment in the	circumstances:	
	mainland China area reaches 20	(1) Trading of government bonds.	
	percent or more of paid-in capital or	(2) Trading of bonds under	
	NT\$300 million; provided, this shall	repurchase and resale	
	not apply to the following	reparentase and result	

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
	circumstances:	agreements, or subscription or	
	(1) Trading of <i>domestic</i> government	redemption of money market	
	bonds.	funds issued by domestic	
	(2) Trading of bonds under	securities investment trust	
	repurchase and resale agreements,	enterprises.	
	or subscription or redemption of		
	money market funds issued by		
	domestic securities investment		
	trust enterprises.		
8	For the appraisal report or the opinions	For the appraisal report or the opinions	Revised in
	obtained from the CPAs, attorney or	obtained from the CPAs, attorney or	accordance with
	security underwriter by the Company, the	security underwriter by the Company, the	current laws and
	professional appraisers and their	professional appraisers and their	regulations.
	appraising personnel, CPAs, attorneys,	appraising personnel, CPAs, attorneys,	
	security underwriters shall meet the	security underwriters shall not be a	
	following requirements:	related party of the Company.	
	1. May not have previously received a		
	final and unappealable sentence to		
	imprisonment for 1 year or longer		
	for a violation of the Securities and		
	Exchange Act, the Company Act,		
	the Banking Act of The Republic of		
	China, the Insurance Act, the		
	Financial Holding Company Act,		
	or the Business Entity Accounting		
	Act, or for fraud, breach of trust,		
	embezzlement, forgery of		
	documents, or occupational crime.		
	However, this provision does not		
	apply if 3 years have already passed		
	since completion of service of the		
	sentence, since expiration of the		
	period of a suspended sentence, or		
	since a pardon was received.		
	2. May not be a related party or de		
	facto related party of any party to		
	the transaction.		
	3. If the Company is required to		
	obtain appraisal reports from two		
	or more professional appraisers,		
	the different professional		
	appraisers or appraisal officers may not be related parties or de facto		
	-		
	related parties of each other. When issuing an appraisal report or		
	mnen issuing an appraisal report or		

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
	opinion, the personnel referred to in the		
	preceding paragraph shall comply with		
	the following:		
	1. Prior to accepting a case, they shall		
	prudently assess their own		
	professional capabilities, practical		
	experience, and independence.		
	2. When examining a case, they shall		
	appropriately plan and execute		
	adequate working procedures, in		
	order to produce a conclusion and		
	use the conclusion as the basis for		
	issuing the report or opinion. The		
	related working procedures, data		
	collected, and conclusion shall be		
	fully and accurately specified in the		
	case working papers.		
	3. They shall undertake an item-by-		
	item evaluation of the		
	comprehensiveness, accuracy, and		
	reasonableness of the sources of		
	data used, the parameters, and the		
	information, as the basis for		
	issuance of the appraisal report or		
	the opinion.		
	4. They shall issue a statement		
	attesting to the professional		
	competence and independence of		
	the personnel who prepared the		
	report or opinion, and that they		
	have evaluated and found that the		
	information used is reasonable and		
	accurate, and that they have		
	complied with applicable laws and		
	regulations.		D : 1:
9	1 2	The Company should commission	Revised in
	objective, impartial and independent	objective, impartial and independent	accordance with current laws and
	1 ~	specialists in accordance with the general category of assets to issue a report on the	
	1		regulations.
		Company's acquisition or disposal of assets:	
	assets: 1. The Company's acquisition or		
	1. The Company's acquisition or disposal of real estate, other	1. The Company's acquisition or disposal of real estate <u>or</u> other	
	Property, plant and equipment, <u>or</u>	Property, plant and equipment,	
	right-of-use assets except for the	except for the transactions conducted	
	rigin-oj-use usseis except for the	except for the transactions conducted	

Article		After Revision		Before Revision	Remarks
	trans	sactions conducted with	with	government institution,	
	<u>dom</u>	<i>estic</i> government institution,	com	missioned to build by land	
	com	missioned to build by land	own	er, commissioned to build by	
	own	er, commissioned to build by	lesse	ee, and machinery equipment for	
	lesse	ee, and machinery equipment or	busi	ness operations, the transaction	
	<u>righ</u>	<i>t-of-use assets</i> for business		unt exceeding 20% of the paid-	
	oper	rations, the transaction amount	in ca	apital or NT300 million should	
	exce	eding 20% of the paid-in capital	be ac	ecompanied by the appraisal	
	or N	T300 million should be	repo	ort collected from the	
		ompanied by the appraisal report	_	essional appraisers before the	
		ected from the professional		of occurrence in accordance	
		raisers before the date of	with	the following requirements:	
		arrence in accordance with the	(1)	If the transaction price is	
	follo	owing requirements:		determined by referral to an	
	(1)	If the transaction price is		attributive price, a specific	
		determined by referral to an		price or a special price for a	
		attributive price, a specific		good cause, the transaction	
		price or a special price for a		should be presented to the	
		good cause, the transaction		board of directors for	
		should be presented to the		resolution. The changes in	
		board of directors for		trading conditions should be	
		resolution. The changes in		processed in the same manner.	
		trading conditions should be	(2)	A transaction amounting to	
		processed in the same manner.		NT1 billion or more should be	
	(2)	A transaction amounting to		appraised by two or more	
		NT1 billion or more should be		professional appraisers.	
		appraised by two or more	(3)	For the professional appraiser's	
		professional appraisers.		appraisal results with one of the	
	(3)	For the professional appraiser's		following circumstances,	
		appraisal results with one of		unless the appraisal results of	
		the following circumstances,		the assets acquired are higher	
		unless the appraisal results of		than the transaction amount or	
		the assets acquired are higher		the appraisal results of the	
		than the transaction amount or		assets disposed are lower than	
		the appraisal results of the		the transaction amount, they	
		assets disposed are lower than		should be processed in	
		the transaction amount, they		accordance with the Generally	
		should be processed in accordance with the Generally		Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS) No. 20 of the ROC	
		Accepted Auditing Standards		Accounting Research and	
		(GAAS) No. 20 of the ROC		Development Foundation; also,	
		Accounting Research and		express an opinion on the cause	
		Development Foundation; also,		of the nonconformity and the	
		express an opinion on the		adequacy of the transaction	
		cause of the nonconformity and		price:	
		and the moneomorning and		F	

Article		After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
		the adequacy of the transaction	i. The spread between the	
		price:	appraisal results and the	
		i. The spread between the	transaction amount exceeds	
		appraisal results and the	20%.	
		transaction amount exceeds	ii. The appraisal spread between	
		20%.	the two or more appraisers	
		ii. The appraisal spread between	exceeds 10% of the	
		the two or more appraisers	transaction amount.	
		exceeds 10% of the	(4) The date of the appraisal report	
		transaction amount.	issued for the appraisal	
		(4) The date of the appraisal report	performed before the	
		issued for the appraisal	professional appraisal contract	
		performed before the	date may not be more than	
		professional appraisal contract	three months from the contract	
		date may not be more than	date. However, if it is	
		three months from the contract	applicable to the same present	
		date. However, if it is	value announced and is not	
		applicable to the same present	over six months old, the	
		value announced and is not	original professional appraiser	
		over six months old, the	may have an opinion issued.	
		original professional appraiser	(5) In addition to having the	
		may have an opinion issued.	transaction price determined by	
		(5) In addition to having the	referring to an attributive price,	
		transaction price determined by	a specific price or a special	
		referring to an attributive price,	price, if an appraisal report	
		a specific price or a special	cannot be received in time for a	
		price, if an appraisal report	good reason, the Company	
		cannot be received in time for	must have an appraisal report	
		a good reason, the Company	received in 2 weeks from the	
		must have an appraisal report	date of occurrence and the	
		received in 2 weeks from the	opinion of the CPAs referred to	
		date of occurrence and the	in paragraph 3.	
		opinion of the CPAs referred to	2. For the acquisition or disposal of	
		in paragraph 3.	securities, the Company should	
	2.	For the acquisition or disposal of	receive the latest financial statements	
		securities, the Company should	audited or reviewed by the CPAs of	
		receive the latest financial	the underlying company before the	
		statements audited or reviewed by	date of occurrence as a reference for	
		the CPAs of the underlying company	_	
		before the date of occurrence as a	addition, for the transactions	
		reference for evaluating the	amounting over 20% of the paid-in	
		transaction prices. In addition, for	capital or NT300 million, the	
		the transactions amounting over	commissioned CPA should be	
		20% of the paid-in capital or NT300	contacted before the date of	
		million, the commissioned CPA	occurrence to comment on the	

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
Article	should be contacted before the date of occurrence to comment on the reasonableness of the transaction prices. If a professional report is needed by the CPAs, it should be processed in accordance with the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS) No. 20 of the Accounting Research and Development Foundation. However, if the securities are offered publicly with a quote available in the market or otherwise authorized by the competent authorities; it is not subject to this restriction. 3. For the acquisition or disposal of membership cards or intangible assets or right-of-use assets with the transactions amount over 20% of the paid-in capital or NT300 million except for the transactions conducted with domestic government institution, the commissioned CPA shall comment on the reasonableness of the transaction prices before the date of occurrence in accordance with the Generally Accepted Auditing	reasonableness of the transaction prices. If a professional report is needed by the CPAs, it should be processed in accordance with the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS) No. 20 of the Accounting Research and Development Foundation. However, if the securities are offered publicly with a quote available in the market or otherwise authorized by the competent authorities; it is not subject to this restriction. 3. For the acquisition or disposal of membership cards or intangible assets with the transactions amount over 20% of the paid-in capital or NT300 million except for the	Remarks
	be used instead of the appraisal report or CPA's opinions.		
9-1	article, <i>paragraph 1 to 3</i> , should be calculated in accordance with "The Public Offering Company of Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of assets" Article <u>31</u> Section 2 .Also, the alleged "within	should be calculated in accordance with	Revised in accordance with current laws and regulations.

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
	the date of occurrence excluding the	excluding the appraisal report issued by	
	appraisal report issued by the professional	the professional appraiser or the CPA's	
	appraiser or the CPA's opinions rendered	opinions rendered in accordance with the	
	in accordance with the guidelines.	guidelines.	
10	For the acquisition or disposal of real	For the acquisition or disposal of real	Revised in
	estate or the right-of-use assets of the	estate of the Company with the related	accordance with
	Company with the related party or the	party or the acquisition or disposal of	current laws and
		assets other than the real estate traded with	regulations.
	the real estate or the right-of-use assets	the related party for an amount over 20%	
	traded with the related party for an	of the paid in capital, 10% of the total	
		assets, or NT300 million, except for	
	10% of the total assets, or NT300 million,		
		repurchase and resale agreements, or buy	
	bond trade with repurchase and resale	back the money market fund issued by	
		domestic securities investment trust, the	
	-	following information should be	
	investment trust, the following	submitted to the Audit Committee for	
		approval and the Board of Directors for	
		resolution before having the Trade	
		Contract signed and the payments paid:	
	having the Trade Contract signed and the payments paid:	1. The purpose, necessity, and expected	
	1. The purpose, necessity, and expected	benefits of the acquisition or disposal of assets.	
		2. The reasons for selecting the related	
	disposal of assets.	party as the counterparty.	
	2. The reasons for selecting the related		
	party as the counterparty.	assess the reasonableness of the trade	
	3. The related information applied to	terms and conditions for the	
	assess the reasonableness of the	acquisition of real estate from the	
	trade terms and conditions for the	related party in accordance with	
	acquisition of real estate or right-of-	Article 15 and Article 16 of the	
	use assets from the related party in	"Guidelines for Handling Acquisition	
	accordance with Article 16 and	and Disposal of Assets by Public	
	Article 17 of the "Guidelines for	Companies".	
	_	4. The matters of the related party's	
	of Assets by Public Companies".	original acquisition date and price,	
	4. The matters of the related party's	counterparty and the relationship	
	original acquisition date and price,	between the Company and the related	
	counterparty and the relationship	party.	
	between the Company and the	5. The monthly cash income and	
	related party.	expense forecast within the year from	
	5. The monthly cash income and	the month of the contract signing;	

Appendix 8: Comparison Table for the "Procedure f or the Acquisition and Disposition of Assets" Before and After Revision

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
	expense forecast within the year	also, assess the necessity of the trade	
	from the month of the contract	and the reasonableness of the use of	
	signing; also, assess the necessity of	funds.	
	the trade and the reasonableness of	6. Acquire the appraisal report from the	
	the use of funds.	professional appraisal company or	
	6. Acquire the appraisal report from the	the opinions of the CPAs in	
	professional appraisal company or	accordance with the provisions	
	the opinions of the CPAs in	referred to above.	
	accordance with the provisions	7. The restrictions and other important	
	referred to above.	stipulations of the transaction.	
	7. The restrictions and other important	The transactions amount referred to above	
	stipulations of the transaction.	shall be calculated in accordance with	
	The transactions amount referred to above	"The Public Offering Company of	
	shall be calculated in accordance with	Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of	
	"The Public Offering Company of	assets" Article 30 Section 2. Also, the	
	Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of	alleged "within one year" means for the	
	assets" Article 3 <u>1</u> Section 2. Also, the	one year prior to the date of occurrence	
	alleged "within one year" means for the	excluding the part that had already been	
	one year prior to the date of occurrence	resolved in the board meeting and	
	excluding the part that had already been	accepted by the Audit Committee.	
	resolved in the board meeting and	For the <i>acquisition or disposal of</i>	
	accepted by the Audit Committee.	operating machinery and equipment	
	With respect to the types of transactions	between the public company and the	
	listed below, when to be conducted	parent company or the subsidiary, the	
	between the Company and its	board of directors may authorize the	
	subsidiaries, or between its subsidiaries	Chairman in accordance with Article 7	
	in which it directly or indirectly holds	Section 1 Paragraph 3 to have a decision	
	100 percent of the issued shares or	made within an amount of NT\$500	
	<u>authorized capital</u> , the board of directors	million and then reported to the most	
	may authorize the Chairman in	recent board meeting for ratification. In	
	accordance with Article 7 Section 1	addition, after the Company has	
	Paragraph 3 to have a decision made	independent directors appointed lawfully	
	within an amount of NT\$500 million and	and presented to the board of directors for	
	then reported to the most recent board	discussion accordingly, the opinions of	
	meeting for ratification.	each independent director should be	
	1. Acquisition or disposal of	considered sufficiently and have their	
	equipment or right-of-use assets	opposing opinions and qualified opinions	
	thereof held for business use.	documented in the minutes of meeting.	
	2. <u>Acquisition or disposal of real</u>		
	property right-of-use assets held for		
	<u>business use.</u>		
	In addition, after the Company has		
	independent directors appointed lawfully		
	and presented to the board of directors for		
	discussion accordingly, the opinions of		

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
	each independent director should be		
	considered sufficiently and have their		
	opposing opinions and qualified opinions		
	documented in the minutes of meeting.		
11	The Company should assess the	The Company should assess the	Revised in
	reasonableness of the transaction costs for		accordance with
	the acquisition or disposal of real estate <u>or</u>	-	current laws and
			regulations
	party in accordance with the following	with the following methods:	
	methods:	1. Based on the transaction prices of	
	1. Based on the transaction prices of	the related party plus the necessary	
	the related party plus the necessary	funds interest and buyer's cost by	
	funds interest and buyer's cost by	law. The alleged necessary funds	
	law. The alleged necessary funds	interest cost is calculated in	
	interest cost is calculated in	accordance with the weighted	
	accordance with the weighted	average interest rate of the loans in	
	average interest rate of the loans in	the year the assets purchased were	
	the year the assets purchased were	provided and it should not be higher	
	provided and it should not be higher	than the non-financial industry's	
	than the non-financial industry's	highest loan interest rate announced	
	highest loan interest rate announced	by the Ministry of Finance.	
	by the Ministry of Finance.	2. If the related party has the	
	2. If the related party has the	underlying subject used as collateral	
	underlying subject used as collateral	for a loan from financial institutions,	
	for a loan from financial institutions,	the financial institutions are to assess	
	the financial institutions are to	the gross lending value of the subject	
	assess the gross lending value of the	matter. However, the actual	
	subject matter. However, the actual	cumulative lending value of the	
	cumulative lending value of the	subject matter granted by the	
	subject matter granted by the	financial institutions should be over	
	financial institutions should be over	70% of the assessed gross lending	
	70% of the assessed gross lending	value for a lending period over a	
	value for a lending period over a	period of one year. However, this is	
	period of one year. However, this is	not applicable if the financial	
	not applicable if the financial	institution and counterparty are	
	institution and counterparty are	related.	
	related.	For the combined purchase of the same	
		underlying land and house, the transaction costs of land and house can be assessed by	
	transaction costs of land and house can be		
	assessed by any of the methods referred to		
	above.	Company from the related party should be	
		r v	

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
	The cost of the real estate or right-of-use	assessed in accordance with Section 1 and	
	<u>assets</u> acquired by the Company from the	Section 2 referred to above; also, a CPA	
	related party should be assessed in	should be commissioned to review and	
	accordance with the preceding two	express an opinion.	
	Section above; also, a CPA should be	The acquisition of real estate by the	
	commissioned to review and express an	Company from the related parties that fall	
	opinion.	under one of the following situations	
	The acquisition of real estate or right-of-	should be handled in accordance with	
	<u>use assets</u> by the Company from the	Article 10 instead of the provisions	
	related parties that fall under one of the	referred to in the last three sections:	
	following situations should be handled in	1. The acquisition of real estate by a	
	accordance with previous article instead	related party is by inheritance or gift.	
	of the provisions referred to in the last	2. A related party's contracting for the	
	three sections:	acquisition of real estate is more than	
	1. The acquisition of real estate <u>or</u>	five years from the date of the trade	
	<u>right-of-use assets</u> by a related party	contract signing.	
	is by inheritance or gift.	3. The real property is acquired through	
	2. A related party's contracting for the	signing of a joint development	
	acquisition of real estate or right-of-	contract with the related party, or	
	<u>use assets</u> is more than five years	through engaging a related party to	
	from the date of the trade contract	build real property, either on the	
	signing.	company's own land or on rented	
	3. The real property is acquired through	land.	
	signing of a joint development		
	contract with the related party, or		
	through engaging a related party to		
	build real property, either on the		
	company's own land or on rented		
	land.		
	4. The real property right-of-use assets		
	for business use are acquired by the		
	public company with its parent or		
	subsidiaries, or by its subsidiaries in		
	which it directly or indirectly holds		
	100 percent of the issued shares or		
	<u>authorized capital.</u>		
11-1	If the assessment results is lower than	If the assessment results of the	Revised in
	the trade price in accordance with	Company's acquisition or disposal of	accordance with
	Section 1 and Section 2 referred to	real estate from or to the related party	current laws and
	above, it must be processed in	is lower than the trade price in	regulations
	accordance with Article 11.2.	accordance with Section 1 and Section	
	However, as a result of the following	2 referred to above, it must be	
	circumstances, it is not subject to the	processed in accordance with Article	
	limitations with the objective evidence	11.2. However, as a result of the	

	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
p	resented and an appraisal report	following circumstances, it is not	
re	eceived from the professional real	subject to the limitations with the	
e	state appraiser and the solid and	objective evidence presented and an	
re	easonable opinion of the CPAs:	appraisal report received from the	
	1. A related party that has obtained	professional real estate appraiser and	
'	prime land or rental land for	the solid and reasonable opinion of the	
	-	CPAs:	
	construction has submitted the	1 A valeted moute, that has abtained	
	proof of complying with one of the	1. A related party that has obtained	
	following conditions:	prime land or rental land for	
	(1) The prime land is assessed	construction has submitted the	
	in accordance with the	proof of complying with one of the	
	methods referred to above.	following conditions:	
	The house is assessed in	(1) The prime land is assessed	
	accordance with the sum of	in accordance with the	
	the related party's	methods referred to above.	
	construction costs and a	The house is assessed in	
	reasonable profit that	accordance with the sum of	
	exceeds the actual	the related party's	
	transaction price. The term	construction costs and a	
	"reasonable construction	reasonable profit that	
	profit" is based on the	exceeds the actual	
	average gross profit rate in	transaction price. The term	
	the last three years of the	"reasonable construction	
	related party's construction	profit" is based on the	
	department or the latest	average gross profit rate in	
	gross profit rate of the	the last three years of the	
	construction industry	related party's construction	
	announced by the Ministry	department or the latest	
	of Finance, whichever is	gross profit rate of the	
	lower.	construction industry	
	(2) The <u>transactions</u> of other	announced by the Ministry	
	floors of the same	of Finance, whichever is	
	underlying house and land	lower.	
	or the transactions of the	(2) The <u>successful trade</u> of	
	unrelated party in the	other floors of the same	
	neighborhood within one	underlying house and land	
	year with a similar floor	or t <u>he successful trade</u> of	
	area; also, the trading	the unrelated party in the	
	conditions are assessed to	neighborhood within one	
	be equivalent with the	year with a similar floor	
	reasonable price spread of	area; also, the trading	
	the same floors or area in a	conditions are assessed to	
	general real estate trade or	be equivalent with the	
	<u>lease</u> .	reasonable price spread of	
2	2. The Company evidences that the	the same floors or area in a	

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
	terms of acquiring the real estate <u>or</u>	general real estate trade.	
	right-of-use assets through lease	(3) For the lease of other	
	from the related parties are similar	floors of the same	
	to the <u>transactions</u> by the	underlying house and land	
	unrelated party in the	by the unrelated party	
	neighborhood within one year with	within one year, the trading	
	the similar floor area.	conditions are assessed to	
	The alleged "transactions" in the	<u>be equivalent with the</u>	
	neighborhood referred to above means for	reasonable price spread of	
	the underlying subject on the same street	the same floors in a general	
	or an adjacent street/block within the	<u>real estate lease.</u>	
	500m-radius of the subject matter or with	2. The Company evidences that the	
	the similarly announced present value. The	terms of acquiring the real estate	
	alleged "similar floor area" means for the	from the related parties are similar	
	transactions of the subject matter by the	to the successful trade by the	
	other unrelated party is not less than 50%	unrelated party in the	
	of the floor area of the subject matter. The	neighborhood within one year with	
	alleged "within one year" means for the	the similar floor area.	
	one year prior to the date of occurrence for	The alleged "successful trade" in the	
	the acquisition of the real estate or right-	neighborhood referred to above	
	of-use assets.	means for the underlying subject on	
		the same street or an adjacent	
		street/block within the 500m-radius	
		of the subject matter or with the	
		similarly announced present value.	
		The alleged "similar floor area"	
		means for the <i>successful trade</i> of the	
		subject matter by the other unrelated	
		party is not less than 50% of the floor	
		area of the subject matter. The alleged	
		"within one year" means for the one	
		year prior to the date of occurrence	
		for the acquisition of the real estate.	
11.5	To d	T0.1	D : 1:
11-2	_	If the assessment results of the acquisition	
	or disposal of real estate or right-of-use	or disposal of real estate from and to the	accordance with
	<u>assets</u> from and to the related party is	related party is lower than the trade price	current laws and
	lower than the trade price in accordance	in accordance with Article 11.1, the	regulations
	with Article 11.1, the Company is to have	Company is to have the following matters	
	the following matters processed:	processed:	
	1. A special reserve is to be appropriated	1. A special reserve is to be appropriated	
	with respect to the spread between the	with respect to the spread between the	
	transaction price and the assessment	transaction price and the assessment	
	costs of the real estate or right-of-use	costs of the real estate in accordance	

Appendix 8: Comparison Table for the "Procedure f or the Acquisition and Disposition of Assets" Before and After Revision

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
	<u>assets</u> in accordance with Article 41	with Article 41 Section 1 of the	
	Section 1 of the Securities and	Securities and Exchange Act. Also, the	
	Exchange Act. Also, the special	special reserve may not be distributed	
	reserve may not be distributed or	or capitalized for stock dividends. If	
	capitalized for stock dividends. If the	the public company has its	
	public company has its investments in	investments in the Company valued	
	the Company valued under the equity	under the equity method, a special	
	method, a special reserve should be	reserve should be appropriated	
	appropriated proportionately to the	proportionately to the shareholding	
	shareholding ratio with respect to the	ratio with respect to the appropriated	
	appropriated amount in accordance	amount in accordance with Article 41	
	with Article 41 Section 1 of the	Section 1 of the Securities and	
	Securities and Exchange Act.	Exchange Act.	
	2. Audit Committee shall apply mutatis	2. Audit Committee shall apply mutatis	
	mutandis with Article 218 of the	mutandis with Article 218 of the	
	Company Law.	Company Law.	
	3. The process referred in the <i>preceding</i>	3. The process referred in <i>Paragraph 1</i>	
	<u>two</u> paragraphs should be presented at	and Paragraph 2 should be presented	
	the shareholders' meeting. Also, the	at the shareholders' meeting. Also, the	
	transaction details should be disclosed	transaction details should be disclosed	
	in the annual report and prospectus.	in the annual report and prospectus.	
	If the Company has a special reserve	If the Company has a special reserve	
	appropriated in accordance with the	appropriated in accordance with the	
	provisions referred to above, the special	provisions referred to above, the special	
	reserve can be used with the approval of	reserve can be used with the approval of	
	the Financial Supervisory Commission,	the Financial Supervisory Commission,	
	Executive Yuan as soon as the high-price	Executive Yuan as soon as the high-price	
	assets acquired <u>or leased</u> are with the	assets acquired are with the devaluation	
	devaluation recognized, are disposed of,	recognized, are disposed of, are	
	or termination of lease contact, are	appropriately compensated or restored, or	
	appropriately compensated or restored, or	are evidenced otherwise without any	
	are evidenced otherwise without any	unreasonableness. The acquisition of real	
	unreasonableness. The acquisition of real	estate by the Company from the related	
	estate or right-of-use assets by the	party that is evidenced not in compliance	
	Company from the related party that is	with general business practices should be	
	evidenced not in compliance with general	2	
	business practices should be handled in	sections referred to above.	
	accordance with the two sections referred		
	to above.		

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
15	The total amount of the non-operating real	The total amount of the non-operating real	Revised in
	estate ,or right-of-use assets ,or securities		accordance with
	acquired by the Company; also, the limits	Company; also, the limits of each security	current laws and
	of each security acquired are as follows:	acquired are as follows:	regulations
	1. The total amount of the non-operating	1. The total amount of the non-operating	
	real estate or right-of-use assets may	real estate may not exceed 90% of the	
	not exceed 90% of the total assets in the	total assets in the Company's most	
	Company's most recent financial	recent financial statements.	
	statements.	2. The total investment amount of the	
	2. The total investment amount of the	securities, except for long-term equity	
	securities, except for long-term equity	investments, may not exceed 90% of	
	investments, may not exceed 90% of the	the total assets in the Company's most	
	total assets in the Company's most	recent financial statements.	
	recent financial statements.	3.Except for long-term equity	
	3.Except for long-term equity	investments, the investments in each	
	investments, the investments in each	marketable security may not exceed	
	marketable security may not exceed	80% of the total assets in the Company's	
	80% of the total assets in the	most recent financial statements.	
	Company's most recent financial		
	statements.		
17	The acquisition or disposal of assets by	The acquisition or disposal of assets by the	Added related
1,		Company's subsidiary is processed in	procedures based
		accordance with the governing	on actual needs.
		regulations:	
		1. The subsidiary's acquisition or disposal	
	of assets shall be processed in	of assets shall be processed in	
	accordance with the relevant	accordance with the relevant	
	requirements of the Company's	requirements of the Company and the	
	"Procedures on Supervision on	Financial Supervisory Commission.	
	subsidiaries" Article 2 and the	2. If the subsidiary is not a public	
	Financial Supervisory Commission.	company in Taiwan, the Company is	
	2. If the subsidiary is not a public	to have the subsidiary's acquisition	
	company in Taiwan, the Company is	or disposal of assets announced and	
	to have the subsidiary's acquisition	reported in accordance with Article	
	or disposal of assets announced and	6 and Article 7 of the Guidelines.	
	reported in accordance with Article	3. The "amount equivalent to 20% of the	
	6 and Article 7 of the Guidelines.	company's paid-in capital or 10% of	
	3. The "amount equivalent to 20% of	the total assets" as defined in the	
	the company's paid-in capital or	subsidiary's announcement and	
	10% of the total assets" as defined	reporting standard is based on the	
	in the subsidiary's announcement	Company's actual capital stock	
	and reporting standard is based on	collected or the total assets.	
	the Company's actual capital stock		
	collected or the total assets.		

Appendix 8: Comparison Table for the "Procedure f or the Acquisition and Disposition of Assets" Before and After Revision

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
21	(Deleted)	The 1st amendment was on May 27, 2003	Deleted the
		The 2nd amendment was on June 10,	amendment
		<u>2007</u>	dates
		The 3rd amendment was on October 29,	
		2009	
		The 4th amendment was on October 12,	
		<u>2010</u>	
		The 5th amendment was on June 28,	
		<u>2011</u>	
		The 6th amendment was on June 6, 2012	
		The 7th amendment was on June 4, 2013	
		The 8th amendment was on June 17, 2014	
		The 9 _{th} amendment was on June 18, 2015	
		The 10th amendment was on June 21,	
		<u>2017</u>	

Comparison Table for the

"Procedure for Loaning of Funds"

Before and After Revision

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
3	Underlying subject	Underlying subject	Revised in
	1. Business transactions between	1. Business transactions between	accordance
	companies and corporations.	companies and corporations.	with
	2. Short-term financing needed	2. Short-term financing needed	current
	between companies and	between companies and	laws and
	corporations. Financing amount	corporations. Financing amount	regulations
	shall not exceed 40% of the net	shall not exceed 40% of the net	and actual
	value of the debtor.	value of the debtor.	needs.
	3. <i>Financing</i> between the foreign	3. The <i>short-term financing needed</i>	
	companies with 100%	between the foreign companies	
	shareholdings with voting rights	(hereinafter referred to as" the	
	held by the Company directly or	borrower") with 100%	
	indirectly.	shareholdings with voting rights	
	4. The foreign companies with 100%	held by the Company directly or	
	shareholdings with voting rights	indirectly.	
	held by the Company directly or		
	indirectly engage in the financing		
	loans to the Company.		
	The preceding 1 to 3 subjects of the		
	preceding paragraph, hereinafter		
	referred to as "the borrower".		
4	Assessment standards and limitations	Assessment standards and limitations	Revised in
	1. The loaning of funds to each	1. The loaning of funds to each	accordance with
	company that is in business with the	company that is in business with the	current laws and
	Company may not exceed the amount	Company may not exceed the amount	regulations and
	of transactions conducted; moreover,	of transactions conducted; moreover,	actual needs.
	they shall not exceed 20% of the net	they shall not exceed 20% of the net	
	value in the Company's most recent	value in the Company's most recent	
	financial statements. The alleged	financial statements. The alleged	
	"business transaction amount" is the	"business transaction amount" is the	
	amount of transactions conducted	amount of transactions conducted	
	within the business operation cycle;	within the business operation cycle;	
	also, the accumulated loaning of	also, the accumulated loaning of	
	funds shall not exceed 40% of the net	funds shall not exceed 40% of the net	
	value in the Company's most recent	value in the Company's most recent	
	financial statements.	financial statements.	
	2. The short-term financing needed	2. The short-term financing needed	
	must be based on the needs for	must be based on the needs for	
	working capital or the short- term	working capital or the short- term	
	financing needed for the purchase of	financing needed for the purchase of	
	_ *	56	1

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
	land, building and operating	land, building and operating	
	equipment due to lack of funds. The	equipment due to lack of funds. The	
	individual loaning of funds is limited	individual loaning of funds is limited	
	to the working capital needed or 70%	to the working capital needed or 70%	
	of the purchase amount of the land,	of the purchase amount of the land,	
	building and operating equipment;	building and operating equipment;	
	moreover, it shall not exceed 40% of	moreover, it shall not exceed 40% of	
	the net value in the Company's most	the net value in the Company's most	
	recent financial statements and the	recent financial statements and the	
	accumulated loaning of funds shall	accumulated loaning of funds shall	
	not exceed 40% of the net value in	not exceed 40% of the net value in	
	the Company's most recent financial	the Company's most recent financial	
	statements.	statements.	
	3. The loaning of funds between the	3. The loaning of funds between the	
	foreign companies with 100%	foreign companies with 100%	
	shareholdings with voting rights held	shareholdings with voting rights held	
	by the Company directly and	by the Company directly and	
	indirectly, or the aforementioned	indirectly is not subject to the two	
	foreign companies engaging in the	restrictions referred to above only the	
	financing loans to the Company, is	maximum amount of the loan and the	
	not subject to the two restrictions	accumulated balance shall not exceed	
	referred to above only the maximum	the book value of the most recent	
	amount of the loan and the	financial statements of the loaning	
	accumulated balance shall not exceed	part.	
	the book value of the most recent		
	financial statements of the loaning		
	part.		
5	Duration and interest rate	Duration and interest rate	Revised in
	The loan and the time limitation of the	The loan and the time limitation of the	accordance with
	loan of the Company shall not exceed one	loan of the Company shall not exceed one	current laws and
	year, and shall be approved by the board	year, and shall be approved by the board	regulations and
	of directors for the purpose of engaging in	of directors for the purpose of engaging in	actual needs.
	the business relationship. The loan and	the business relationship. The loan and	
	term of the funds between the foreign	term of the funds between the foreign	
	companies, which are directly and	companies, which are directly and	
	indirectly held by 100% of the voting	indirectly held by 100% of the voting	
	shares, or the aforementioned foreign	shares, are not subject to the aforesaid	
	companies engaging in the financing	one year, but the maximum shall not	
	loans to the Company, are not subject to	exceed three years and shall be subject to	
	the aforesaid one year, but the maximum	the approval of the board to extend for at	
	shall not exceed three years and shall be	most two times, and could not exceed 3	
	subject to the approval of the board to	years each time. The interest rate shall be	
	extend for at most two times, and could	adjusted on the basis of the capital cost of	
	not exceed 3 years each time. The interest	the Company, but shall not be less than	
	rate shall be adjusted on the basis of the	the maximum interest rate of the	
	capital cost of the Company, but shall not	Company at the time of the loan to the	

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
	be less than the maximum interest rate of	general financial institution.	
	the Company at the time of the loan to the		
	general financial institution.		
6	Processing and audit procedures	Processing and audit procedures	Revised in
	1. The Borrowers that apply for the	1. The Borrowers that apply for the	accordance
	loaning of funds to the Company	loaning of funds to the Company	with current
	shall present a loan application	shall present a loan application	laws and
	document (or letter) indicating the	document (or letter) indicating the	regulations
	loan amount, loan terms, intended	loan amount, loan terms, intended	and actual
	use, sinking fund, with or without	use, sinking fund, with or without	needs.
	collateral and the content of the	collateral and the content of the	
	collateral, basic information and	collateral, basic information and	
	financial information, and guarantor	financial information, and guarantor	
	information upon the request of the	information upon the request of the	
	Company for the credit checking	Company for the credit checking	
	process.	process.	
	2. The financial department shall,	2. The financial department shall,	
	according to the information obtained	according to the information obtained	
	in the preceding paragraph, determine	in the preceding paragraph, determine	
	the necessary and reasonable nature	the necessary and reasonable nature	
	of the loan, the credit and the risk	of the loan, the credit and the risk	
	assessment of the loan and the object, the impact on the operating risks,	assessment of the loan and the object, the impact on the operating risks,	
	financial status and shareholders'	financial status and shareholders'	
	equity of the Company and whether	equity of the Company and whether	
	to obtain the collateral and the review	to obtain the collateral and the review	
	of collateral value.	of collateral value.	
	3. After the credit check and assessment	3. After the credit check and assessment	
	are performed, if the borrower is with	are performed, if the borrower is with	
	good credit rating and the intended	good credit rating and the intended	
	use is reasonable, the finance	use is reasonable, the finance	
	department of the Company shall	department of the Company shall	
	draft the loaning of funds conditions	draft the loaning of funds conditions	
	for the approval of the Chairman and	for the approval of the Chairman and	
	the resolution of the board of	the resolution of the board of	
	directors without leaving the	directors without leaving the	
	decision-making to others. If the	decision-making to others. If the	
	Company is with independent	Company is with independent	
	directors appointed, the opinions of	directors appointed, the opinions of	
	each independent director should be	each independent director should be	
	considered sufficiently and have their	considered sufficiently and have their	
	supporting or opposing opinions and	supporting or opposing opinions and	
	reasons documented in the minutes of	reasons documented in the minutes of	
	the meeting.	the meeting.	
	4. The borrowing between the Company	4. The borrowing between the Company	

Article		After Revision		Before Revision	Remarks
		and its parent company or its		and its parent company or its	
		subsidiaries, or the subsidiaries of the		subsidiaries, or the subsidiaries of the	
		Company shall be subject to the		Company shall be subject to the	
		resolutions of the board of directors		resolutions of the board of directors	
		in accordance with the provisions of		in accordance with the provisions of	
		the preceding paragraph, and shall		the preceding paragraph, and shall	
		authorize the chairman of the board to		authorize the chairman of the board to	
		subscribe for the same amount of		subscribe for the same amount of	
		credit for the same loan and object to		credit for the same loan and object to	
		the board of directors and not more		the board of directors and not more	
		than one year for sub-credit or		than one year for sub-credit or	
		recycling. Except for the loans		recycling, but the authorized amount	
		mentioned in the Article 4,		shall not exceed the loaning	
		paragraph 3 is not restricted, the		company's latest net financial	
		authorized amount shall not exceed		statements of 10%.	
		the loaning company's latest net	5.	If an approval is granted only when	
		financial statements of 10%.		collateral is collected, the borrower	
	5.	If an approval is granted only when		should provide the collateral with the	
		collateral is collected, the borrower		pledge or mortgage procedure	
		should provide the collateral with the		completed to ensure the claims of the	
		pledge or mortgage procedure		Company.	
		completed to ensure the claims of the	6.	Except for land and securities, all	
		Company.		collateral must be protected with a	
	6.	Except for land and securities, all		fire insurance acquired and a	
		collateral must be protected with a		comprehensive insurance is acquired	
		fire insurance acquired and a		for vehicles and the insured amount	
		comprehensive insurance is acquired		is not less than the principle of the	
		for vehicles and the insured amount		cost value of the collateral. The	
		is not less than the principle of the		insurance should be with the	
		cost value of the collateral. The		Company as the beneficiary, the	
		insurance should be with the		subject title, quantity, storage	
		Company as the beneficiary, the		location, insurance terms, number of	
		subject title, quantity, storage		storage sites, insurance conditions	
		location, insurance terms, number of		and insurance endorsement should be	
		storage sites, insurance conditions		consistent with the originally	
		and insurance endorsement should be		authorized loan conditions.	
		consistent with the originally	7.	After the loan is allocated, the	
		authorized loan conditions.		financial institution shall regularly	
	7.	After the loan is allocated, the		assess the financial and credit status	
		financial institution shall regularly		of the borrower and the guarantor (if	
		assess the financial and credit status		any). If the overdue happened and the	
		of the borrower and the guarantor (if		creditors who are still unable to	
		any). If the overdue happened and the		recover, the financial entity shall	
		creditors who are still unable to		notify the legal entity to take further	
		recover, the financial entity shall		recourse against the debtor to ensure	
		notify the legal entity to take further		the rights and interests of the	

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
	recourse against the debtor to ensure	Company.	
	the rights and interests of the		
	Company.		
9	The control procedures for the loaning of	The control procedures for the loaning of	Revised in
	funds processed by the subsidiaries	funds processed by the subsidiaries	accordance with
	1. The Company's subsidiaries may	1. The Company's subsidiaries may	the Company's
	not arrange the loaning of funds to	not arrange the loaning of funds to	supervision
	others without the resolution of the	others without the consent of the	specifications
	Board of Directors of the	Company.	for subsidiaries.
	<u>Company</u> .	2. The Company's subsidiaries that	
	2. The Company's subsidiaries that	intend to have the loaning of funds	
	intend to have the loaning of funds	arranged for others should have the	
	arranged for others should have the	Procedures for Handling Loaning of	
	Procedures for Handling Loaning of	Funds stipulated for compliance in	
	Funds stipulated for compliance in	accordance with the "Guidelines for	
	accordance with the "Guidelines for	Handling Loaning of Funds by	
	Handling Loaning of Funds by	Public Companies."	
	Public Companies."	3. Subsidiaries that have the loaning of	
	3. Subsidiaries that have the loaning of	funds made for others should have	
	funds made for others should have	the statement of the loaning of funds	
	the statement of the loaning of funds	of the prior months prepared and	
	of the prior months prepared and	presented to the Company before the	
	presented to the Company before the	5th day of each month.	
	5th day of each month.	4. The Company's internal auditors	
	4. The Company's internal auditors	shall at least quarterly audit the	
	shall at least quarterly audit the	Procedures for Handling the	
	Procedures for Handling the	Loaning of Funds and their	
	Loaning of Funds and their	implementation with a written	
	implementation with a written	record kept for the subsidiaries that	
	record kept for the subsidiaries that	have the loaning of funds arranged	
	have the loaning of funds arranged	for others. Any serious violations	
	for others. Any serious violations	identified should be communicated	
	identified should be communicated	in writing to the Audit Committee	
	in writing to the Audit Committee	and continuously track the	
	and continuously track the	improvement of the situation.	
	improvement of the situation.		
11	The Procedures are to be agreed by the	The Procedures are to be agreed by the	Revised in
	more than one-half of all members of the	Audit Committee and then approved by	accordance with
	Audit Committee and then approved by	the Board of Directors and resolved in the	current laws and
	the Board of Directors and resolved in the	shareholders' meeting for	regulations and
	shareholders' meeting for	implementation. <u>The documented or</u>	actual needs.
	implementation.	written objections of the directors, if any,	
	If the Procedures is not approved by	should be presented to the supervisors	
	more than one-half of all members of	and in the shareholders' meeting for	
	the Audit Committee, it may be agreed by	discussion, same as for the amendments.	

Appendix 9: Comparison Table for the "Procedure for Loaning of Funds" Before and After Revision

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
	more than two-thirds of all directors,	Where the Company has established the	
	and the resolutions of the Audit	position of independent director, when it	
	Committee shall be stated in the minutes	loans funds to others, it shall take into	
	of the Board of Director's meeting.	full consideration each independent	
		director's opinions; independent	
		directors' opinions specifically	
		expressing assent or dissent and their	
		reasons for dissent shall be included in	
		the minutes of the board of directors'	
		meeting.	
Amendment	The 1st amendment was on May 27, 2003	The 1st amendment was on May 27, 2003	New amendment
Date	The 2nd amendment was on June 10,	The 2nd amendment was on June 10,	date added.
	2009	2009	
	The 3rd amendment was on October 29,	The 3rd amendment was on October 29,	
	2009	2009	
	The 4th amendment was on June 28, 2011	The 4th amendment was on June 28, 2011	
	The 5th amendment was on June 6, 2012	The 5th amendment was on June 6, 2012	
	The 6th amendment was on June 4, 2013	The 6th amendment was on June 4, 2013	
	The 7th amendment was on June 18, 2015	The 7th amendment was on June 18, 2015	
	The 8th amendment was on June 21, 2017	The 8th amendment was on June 21, 2017	
	The 9th amendment was on May 31,		
	<u>2019</u>		

Comparison Table for the

"Endorsement and Guarantee Procedures"

Before and After Revision

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
4	Underlying subject	Underlying subject	Revised in
	The party to whom the Company may	The party to whom the Company may	accordance
	provide endorsement and/or guarantee	provide endorsement and/or guarantee	with current
	include the following:	include the following:	laws and
	1. Any company who has business	1. Any company who has business	regulations.
	relationship with the Company.	relationship with the Company.	
	2. Any subsidiary whose voting	2. Any subsidiary whose voting	
	shares are fifty percent (50%) or	shares are fifty percent (50%) or	
	more owned, directly or	more owned, directly or	
	indirectly by the Company.	indirectly by the Company.	
	3. Any parent company who	3. Any parent company who	
	directly or through its	directly or through its	
	subsidiaries indirectly own fifty	subsidiaries indirectly own fifty	
	percent (50%) or more of the	percent (50%) or more of the	
	Company's voting shares.	Company's voting shares.	
	Subsidiaries whose voting shares are	Subsidiaries whose voting shares are	
	at least 90% owned, directly or	at least 90% owned, directly or	
	indirectly, by the Company may	indirectly, by the Company may	
	provide endorsement and/or guarantee	provide endorsement and/or guarantee	
	to each other.	to each other, and the total amount of	
	Where the Company fulfills its	such endorsement/guarantee shall	
	contractual obligations by providing	not exceed 10% of the Company's net	
	mutual endorsements/guarantees for	worth. The limit restriction shall not	
	another company in the same industry	apply to endorsement/guarantee	
	or for joint builders for purposes of	when such subsidiaries' voting	
	undertaking a construction project, or	shares are 100% owned, directly or	
	where all capital contributing	indirectly, by the Company.	
	shareholders make endorsements/	Where the Company fulfills its	
	guarantees for their jointly invested	contractual obligations by providing	
	company in proportion to their	mutual endorsements/guarantees for	
	shareholding percentages, such	another company in the same industry	
	endorsements/guarantees may be	or for joint builders for purposes of	
	provided.	undertaking a construction project, or	
	Capital contribution referred to in the	where all capital contributing	
	preceding paragraph shall mean	shareholders make endorsements/	
	capital contribution directly by the	guarantees for their jointly invested	

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
	Company, or through a company in	company in proportion to their	
	which the Company holds 100% of	shareholding percentages, such	
	the voting shares.	endorsements/guarantees may be	
		provided.	
		Capital contribution referred to in the	
		preceding paragraph shall mean	
		capital contribution directly by the	
		Company, or through a company in	
		which the Company holds 100% of	
		the voting shares.	
5	Assessment standards and limitations	Assessment standards and limitations	Revised in
	1. The total amount of	1. The total amount of	accordance
	endorsement/guarantee provided	endorsement/guarantee provided	with current
	by the Company or by the	by the Company or by the	laws and
	Company and its subsidiaries shall	Company and its subsidiaries shall	regulations.
	not exceed fifty percent (50%) of	not exceed fifty percent (50%) of	
	the Company's net worth in its	the Company's net worth in its	
	latest financial statement.	latest financial statement.	
	2. The total amount of the	2. The total amount of the	
	endorsement/guarantee provided	endorsement/guarantee provided	
	by the Company or by the	by the Company or by the	
	Company and its subsidiaries to	Company and its subsidiaries to	
	any individual entity shall not	any individual entity shall not	
	exceed thirty percent (30%) of the	exceed thirty percent (30%) of the	
	Company's net worth in its latest	Company's net worth in its latest	
	financial statement.	financial statement.	
	3. The total amount of	3. The total amount of	
	endorsement/guarantee provided	endorsement/guarantee provided	
	by the Company to any individual	by the Company to any individual	
	entity deriving from business	entity deriving from business	
	relations shall not exceed 20 times	relations shall not exceed 20 times	
	of the total business amount	of the total business amount	
	between such party and the	between such party and the	
	Company for the twelve-month	Company for the twelve-month	
	period, and shall not exceed thirty	period, and shall not exceed thirty	
	percent (20%) of the Company's	percent (20%) of the Company's	
	net worth in its latest financial	net worth in its latest financial	
	statements.	statements.	
	4. Endorsement/guarantee between	4. <u>Endorsement/guarantee provided</u>	
	companies in which the Company	by the Company to companies	
	holds <u>90%</u> of the voting shares,	held 100% directly or indirectly	
	the amount of	by the Company, or	

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
	endorsement/guarantee shall not	endorsement/guarantee between	
	exceed ten percent (10%) of the	companies in which the Company	
	Company's net worth.	holds 100% of the voting shares,	
	5. Endorsement/guarantee based on	was not restricted by the	
	the requirements of the contractual	preceding paragraphs 1 to 3	
	obligations for another company	restrictions.	
	in the same industry or for joint	5. Endorsement/guarantee based on	
	builders for purposes of	the requirements of the	
	undertaking a construction	contractual obligations for	
	project, or where all capital	another company in the same	
	contributing shareholders make	industry or for joint builders for	
	endorsements/ guarantees for their	purposes of undertaking a	
	jointly invested company in	construction project, or where all	
	proportion to their shareholding	capital contributing shareholders	
	percentages, such	make endorsements/ guarantees	
	Endorsement/guarantee was not	for their jointly invested	
	restricted by the preceding	company in proportion to their	
	paragraphs 1 to 3 restrictions.	shareholding percentages, such	
		Endorsement/guarantee was not	
		restricted by the preceding	
		paragraphs 1 to 3 restrictions.	
7	Announcement and reporting	Announcement and reporting	Revised in
	1. The Company shall announce	1. The Company shall announce	accordance
	and report the previous month's	and report the previous month's	with current
	balance of	balance of	laws and
	endorsements/guarantees of	endorsements/guarantees of	regulations
	itself and its subsidiaries by the	itself and its subsidiaries by the	and actual needs.
	10th day of each month.	10th day of each month.	needs.
	2. The Company whose balance of	2. The Company whose balance of	
	endorsements/guarantees	endorsements/guarantees	
	reaches one of the following	reaches one of the following	
	levels shall announce and report	levels shall announce and report	
	such event within two days	such event within two days	
	commencing immediately from	commencing immediately from	
	the date of occurrence:	the date of occurrence:	
	(1) The aggregate balance of	(1) The aggregate balance of	
	endorsements/guarantees by	endorsements/guarantees by	
	the Company and its	the Company and its	
	subsidiaries reaches 50	subsidiaries reaches 50	
	percent or more of the	percent or more of the	
	Company's net worth as	Company's net worth as	
	stated in its latest financial	stated in its latest financial	

Article		After Revision		Before Revision	Remarks
		statement.		statement.	
	(2)	The balance of	(2)	The balance of	
	, ,	endorsements/guarantees by	, ,	endorsements/guarantees by	
		the Company and its		the Company and its	
		subsidiaries for a single		subsidiaries for a single	
		enterprise reaches 20		enterprise reaches 20	
		percent or more of the		percent or more of the	
		Company's net worth as		Company's net worth as	
		stated in its latest financial		stated in its latest financial	
		statement.		statement.	
	(3)	The balance of	(3)	The balance of	
	(0)	endorsements/guarantees by	(0)	endorsements/guarantees by	
		the Company and its		the Company and its	
		subsidiaries for a single		subsidiaries for a single	
		enterprise reaches NT\$10		enterprise reaches NT\$10	
		millions or more and the		millions or more and the	
		aggregate amount of all		aggregate amount of all	
		endorsements/guarantees		endorsements/guarantees	
		for, investment of book		for, investment of <i>a long</i> -	
		value of investment under		term nature in, and balance	
		equity method, and balance		of loans to, such enterprise	
		of loans to, such enterprise		reaches 30 percent or more	
		reaches 30 percent or more		of the Company's net worth	
		of the Company's net worth		as stated in its latest	
		as stated in its latest		financial statement.	
		financial statement.	(4)	The amount of new	
	(4)	The amount of new	(.)	endorsements/guarantees	
	(.)	endorsements/guarantees		made by the Company or its	
		made by the Company or its		subsidiaries reaches NT\$30	
		subsidiaries reaches NT\$30		million or more, and reaches	
		million or more, and reaches		5 percent or more of the	
		5 percent or more of the		Company's net worth as	
		Company's net worth as		stated in its latest financial	
		stated in its latest financial		statement.	
		statement	3. Th	e Company shall announce	
	3. Th	e Company shall announce		d report on behalf of any	
		d report on behalf of any		bsidiary thereof that is not a	
		bsidiary thereof that is not a		blic company of the Republic	
		blic company of the Republic		China any matters that such	
	-	China any matters that such		bsidiary is required to	
		bsidiary is required to		nounce and report pursuant to	
		nounce and report pursuant to		bparagraph 4 of the preceding	
	all	nounce and report pursuant to	Su	oparagraph 4 of the preceding	

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
	subparagraph 4 of the preceding	paragraph.	
	paragraph.	4. The Company shall evaluate or	
	4. The Company shall evaluate or	record the contingent loss for	
	record the contingent loss for	endorsements/guarantees, and	
	endorsements/guarantees, and	shall adequately disclose	
	shall adequately disclose	information on	
	information on	endorsements/guarantees in its	
	endorsements/guarantees in its	financial reports and provide	
	financial reports and provide	certified public accountants	
	certified public accountants	with relevant information for	
	with relevant information for	implementation of necessary	
	implementation of necessary	audit procedures.	
	audit procedures.		
9	The control procedures for	The control procedures for	Revised in
	endorsements/guarantees processed by	endorsements/guarantees processed by	accordance
	the subsidiaries	the subsidiaries	with the
	1. The Company's subsidiaries may	1. The Company's subsidiaries may	Company's
	not provide	not provide	supervision
	endorsements/guarantees to others	endorsements/guarantees to others	specifications for
	the resolution of the Board of	without the consent of the	subsidiaries.
	Directors of the Company.	<u>Company</u> .	
	2. The Company's subsidiaries that	2. The Company's subsidiaries that	
	intend to provide	intend to provide	
	endorsements/guarantees for others	endorsements/guarantees for others	
	should have the Procedures for	should have the Procedures for	
	endorsement and guarantee	endorsement and guarantee	
	stipulated for compliance in	stipulated for compliance in	
	accordance with the "Regulations	accordance with the "Regulations	
	Governing Loaning of Funds and	Governing Loaning of Funds and	
	Making of	Making of	
	Endorsements/Guarantees by	Endorsements/Guarantees by	
	Public Companies ."	Public Companies ."	
	3. Subsidiaries that have	3. Subsidiaries that have	
	endorsements/guarantees made for	endorsements/guarantees made for	
	others should have the statement of	others should have the statement of	
	endorsements/guarantees of the	endorsements/guarantees of the	
	prior months prepared and	prior months prepared and	
	presented to the Company before	presented to the Company before	
	the 10th day of each month.	the 10th day of each month.	
	4. The Company's internal auditors	4. The Company's internal auditors	
	shall at least quarterly audit the	shall at least quarterly audit the	
	Procedures for	Procedures for	

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
	endorsements/guarantees and their	endorsements/guarantees and their	
	implementation with a written	implementation with a written	
	record kept for the subsidiaries that	record kept for the subsidiaries that	
	make endorsements/guarantees for	make endorsements/guarantees for	
	others. Any serious violations	others. Any serious violations	
	identified should be communicated	identified should be communicated	
	in writing to the Audit Committee	in writing to the Audit Committee	
	and continuously track the	and continuously track the	
	improvement of the situation.	improvement of the situation.	
11	The Procedures are to be agreed to by	The Procedures are to be agreed to	Revised in
	more than one-half of all members of	by the Audit Committee and then	accordance
	the Audit Committee and then	approved by the Board of Directors	with current
	approved by the Board of Directors	and resolved in the shareholders'	laws and
	and resolved in the shareholders'	meeting for implementation. <u>The</u>	regulations
	meeting for implementation.	documented or written objections of	and actual
	If the Procedures is not approved by	the directors, if any, should be	needs.
	more than one-half of all members of	presented to the supervisor and then	
	the Audit Committee, it may be agreed	proposed to shareholders' meeting	
	by more than two-thirds of all directors,	for discussion, same as for the	
	and the resolutions of the Audit	amendments.	
	Committee shall be stated in the minutes		
	of the Board of Director's meeting.	Where the Company has established	
		the position of independent director,	
		when submitting this procedure to	
		the board of directors for discussion	
		in accordance with the provisions of	
		take into full consideration each	
		take into full consideration each independent director's opinions;	
		independent directors' opinions	
		specifically expressing assent or dissent and their reasons for dissent	
		shall be included in the minutes of	
		the board of directors' meeting.	
Amendment	The 1st amendment was on May 27, 2003	The 1st amendment was on May 27, 2003	New
Date	The 2nd amendment was on June 10,	The 2nd amendment was on June 10,	amendment
	2009	2009	date added.
	The 3rd amendment was on October 29, 2009	The 3rd amendment was on October 29,	
	The 4th amendment was on June 28, 2011	2009 The 4th amendment was on June 28, 2011	
	The 5th amendment was on June 6, 2012	The 5th amendment was on June 6, 2012	
	The 6th amendment was on June 4, 2013	The 6th amendment was on June 4, 2013	
	The 7th amendment was on June18, 2015	The 7th amendment was on June18, 2015	

Article	After Revision	Before Revision	Remarks
	The 8th amendment was on May 31,		
	<u>2019</u>		